



# SWIMS

# BedBuddy FDR

Sidh Gurnani, Isaiah Maningas, Miguel Cremades, William Snyder, Samuel Choy

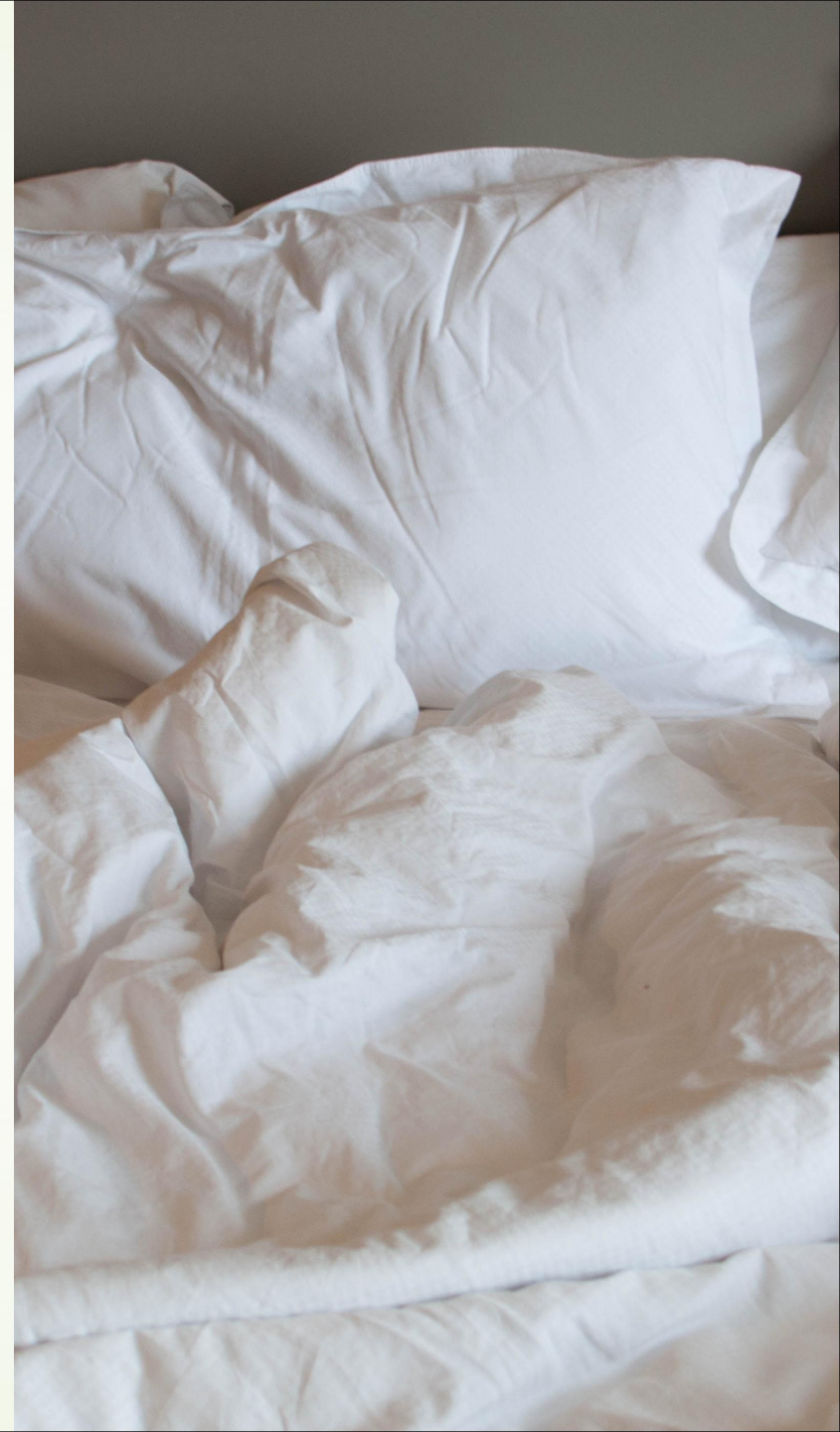


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# CDR Recap

## Problem Definition

- ▶ One under looked aspect of daily life is making a bed and/or changing bedsheets.
- ▶ People who are affected the most:
  - ▶ Elderly
  - ▶ Caregivers
  - ▶ People with disabilities
  - ▶ People whose beds are in tight locations
- ▶ BedBuddy aims to ease the bed making process every day, providing a small quality of life improvement for many, while also being able to change bed sheets as desired by the consumer.



## Key Stakeholders

- **Primary Users:** Elderly individuals, people with disabilities, caregivers who benefit from automated bed-making
- **Commercial Stakeholders:** Nursing homes, hospitals, hotels, and cruises
- **Business and Market Interest:** Investors and manufacturers interested in innovative home and healthcare automation



# Competitors

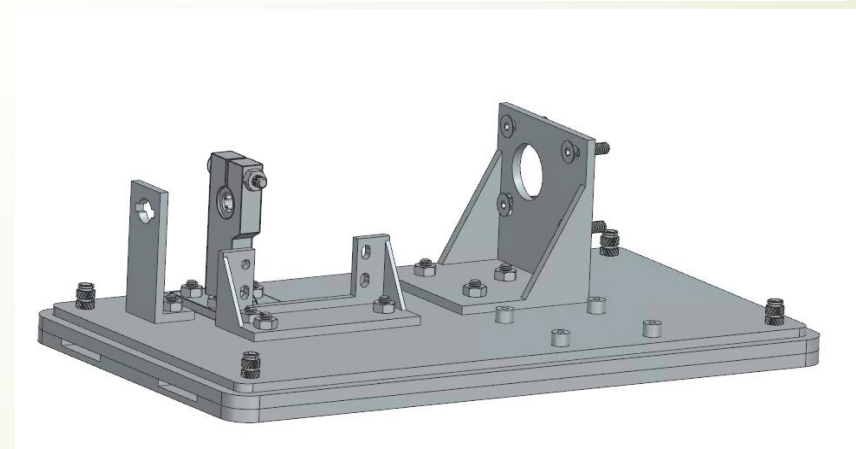
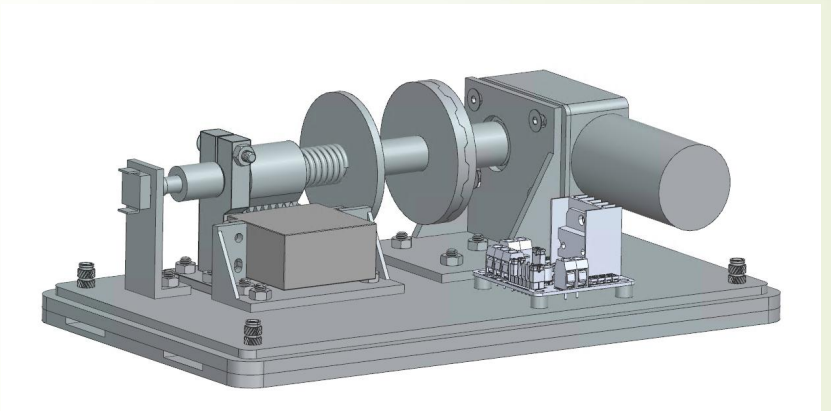
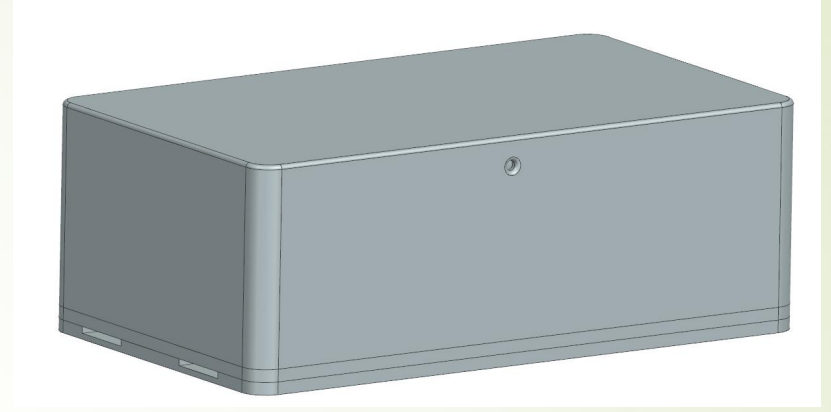
## Existing Solutions

- **Bed MadeEZ** (Manual mattress lifter, requires physical effort)
- **Smartduvet** (Expensive, uses air inflation for blanket placement only)
- **OHEA Smart Bed** (Fully automated but requires a specialized bed)



# Module

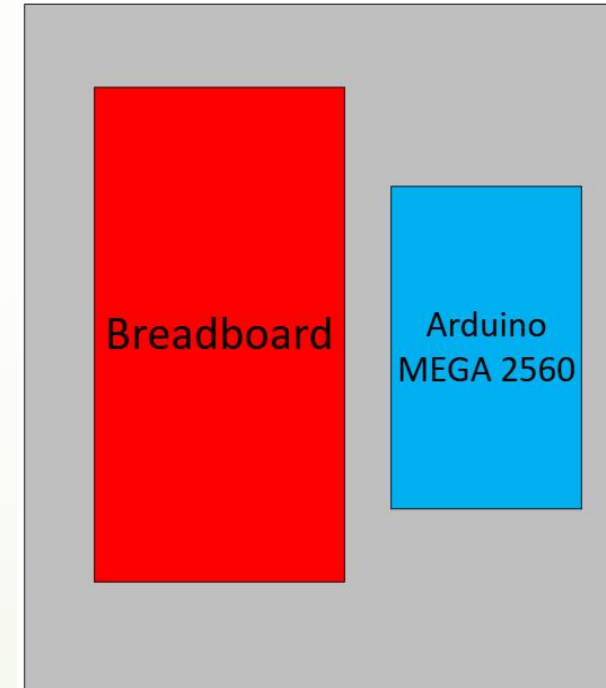
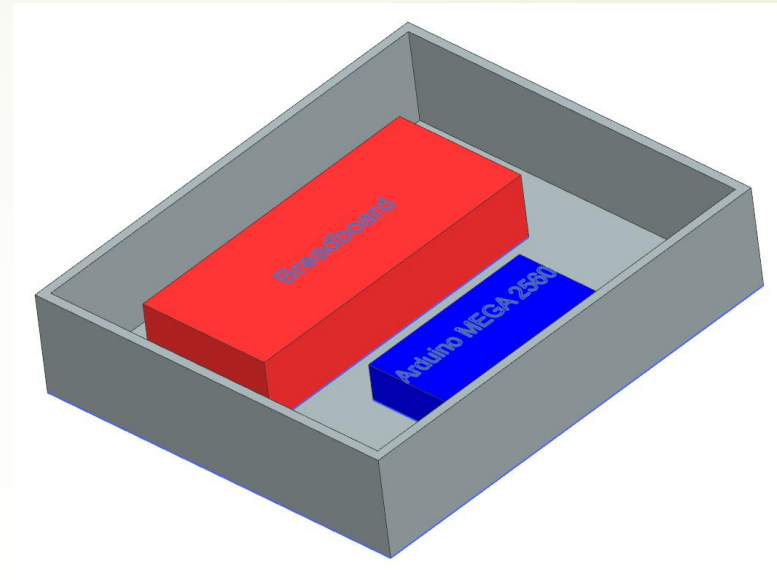
- Housing
  - 3D printed
- 12 V DC Motor
  - Self Locking
- Torque Limiter
  - To protect the motor and bed sheets
  - 3D printed
- Spool/Spindle
  - To store rope
  - 3D printed
- Spring Adjustment – to adjust amount of torque required to slip the motor
  - Spring
  - Servo
  - Rack and Pinion
- Rotary Encoder
  - Used to detect the torque limiter slipping



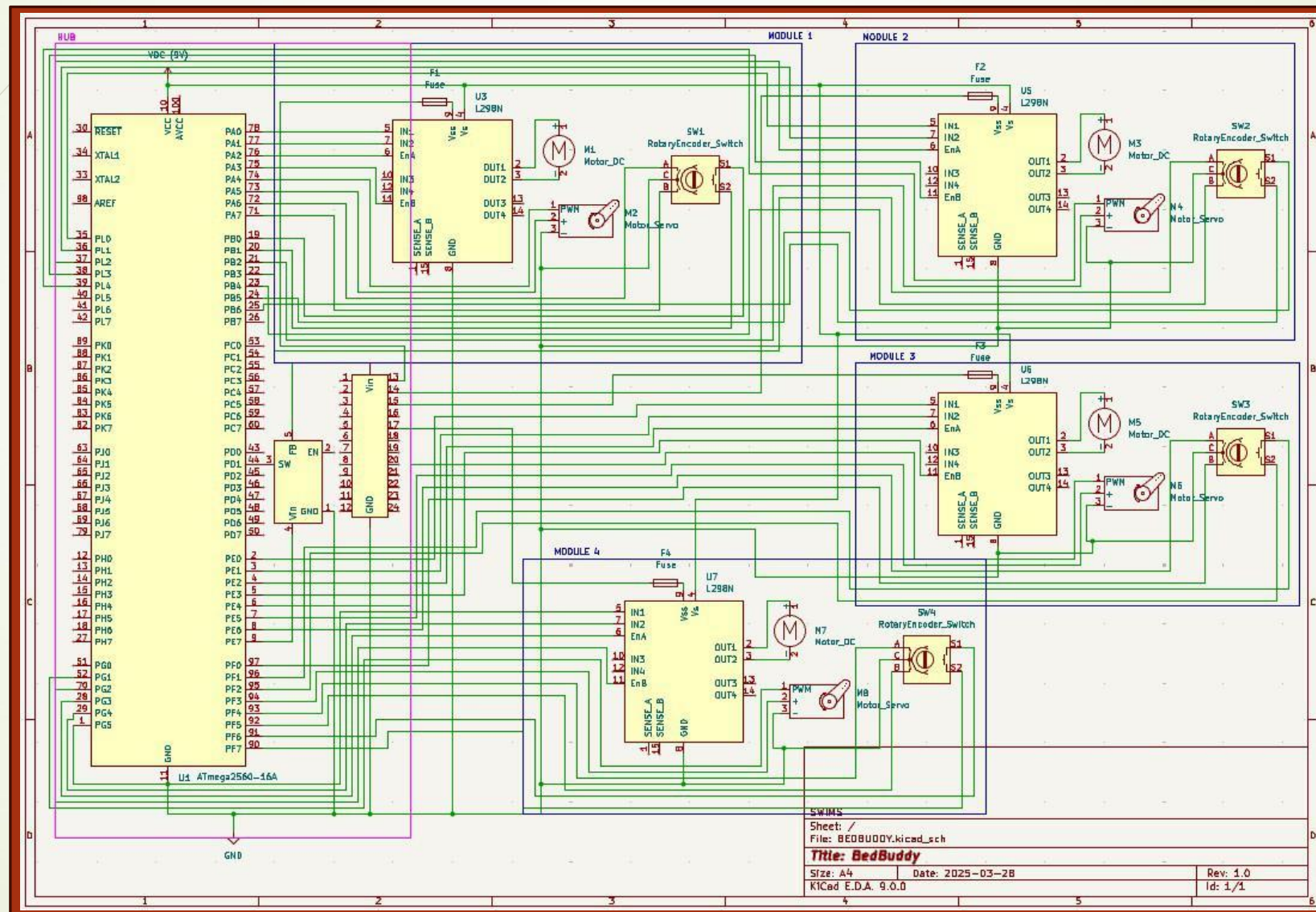
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# Hub

- Designed and printed to hold all parts in small size
  - 7.5 in. by 7.5 in. area and less than 3.5 in. tall
- Houses Arduino and Breadboard

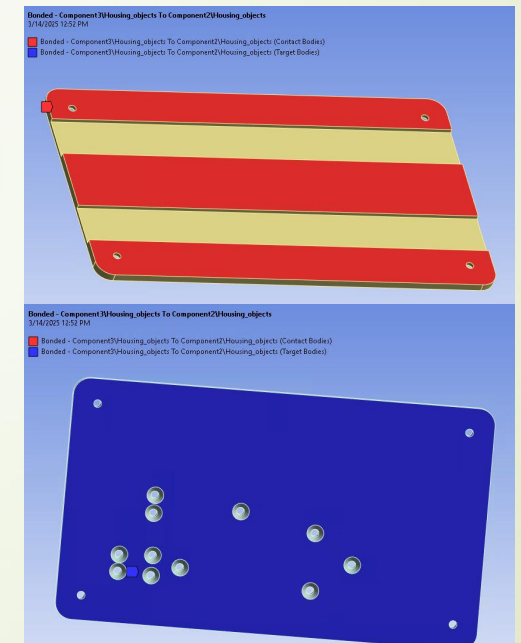
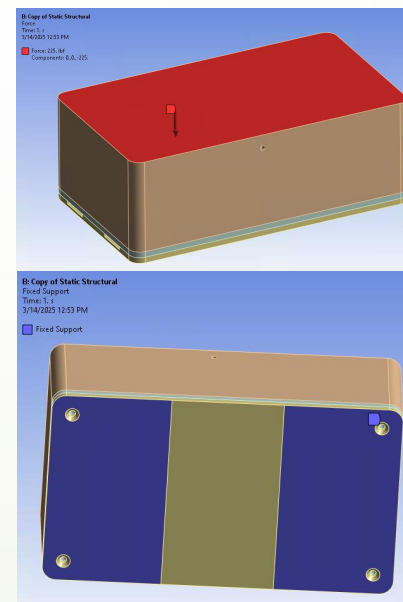
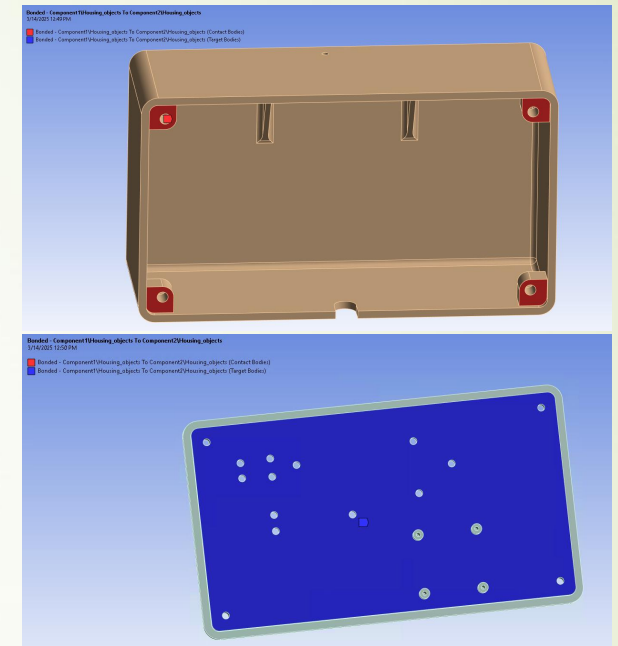
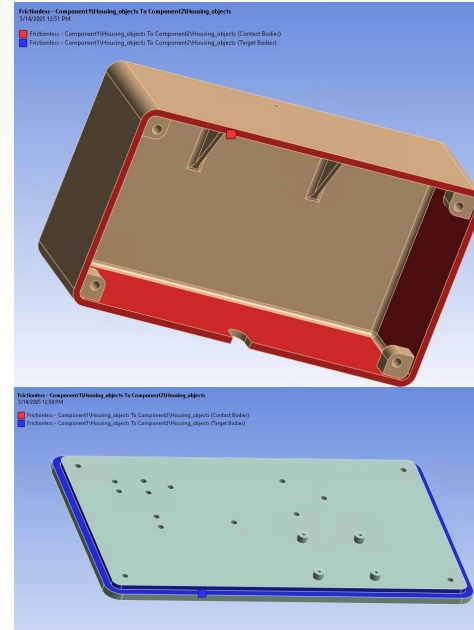


# Electronics



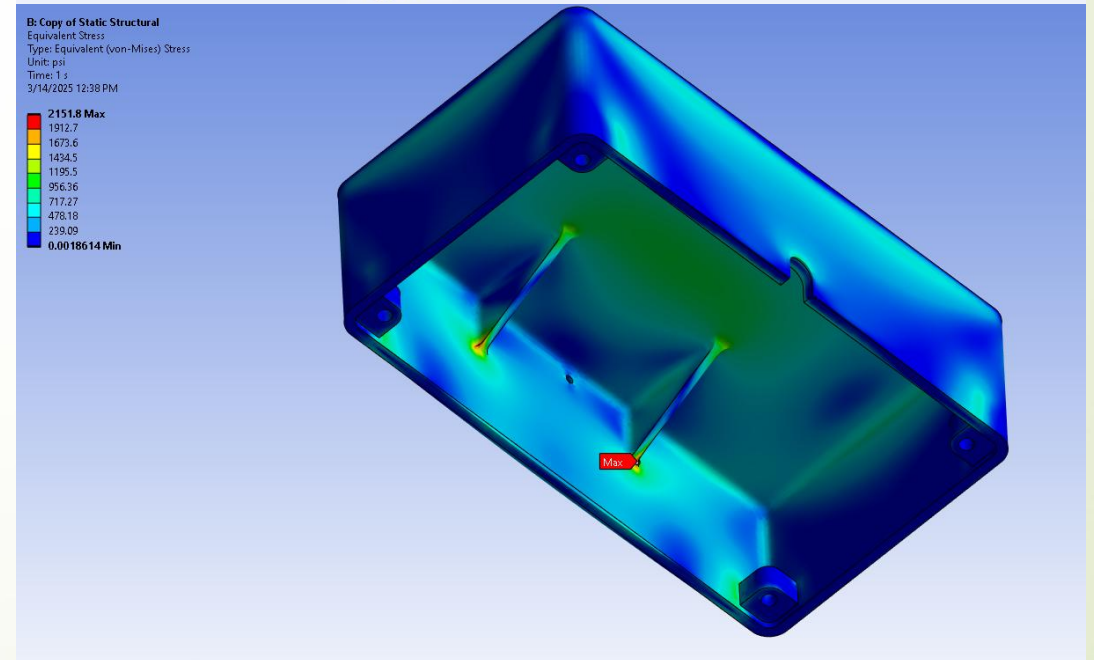
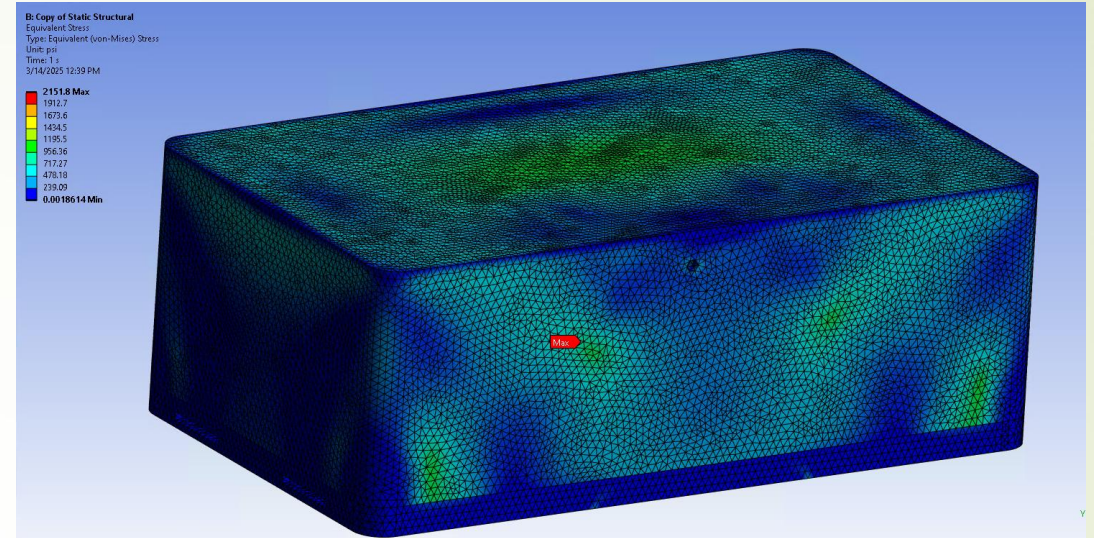
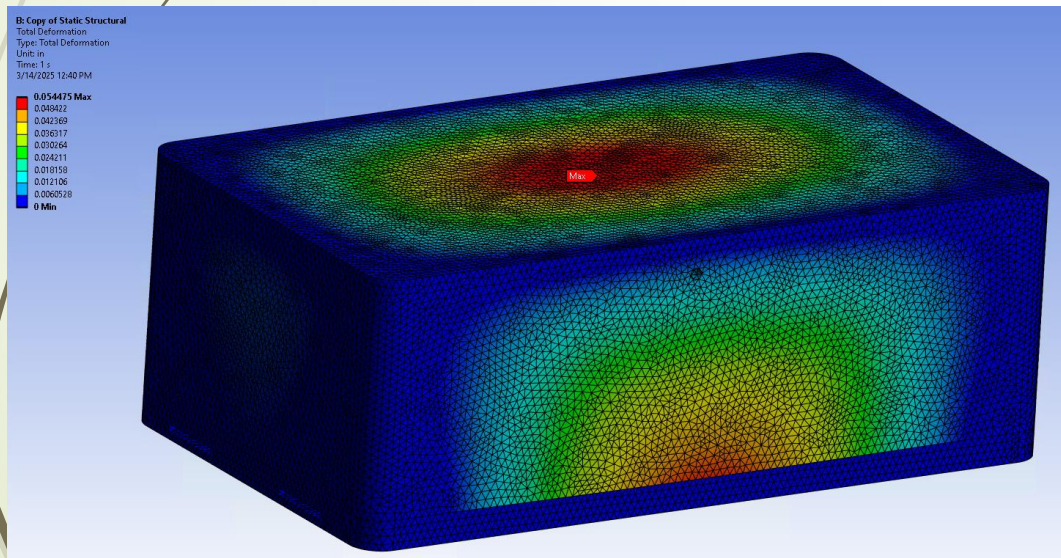
# Module

- Bonded Contact between area on shell where heat set inserts are and top of base plate
- Frictionless Contact between other faces of shell and base plate that touch to avoid clipping
- Bonded Contact between base plate and mounting plate
- 225lb Force Applied to top of shell
- Fixed Constraint on bottom of mounting plate with gap to represent standard bed frame slat spacing
- Mesh Size of .09375 (half of wall thickness)



# Results

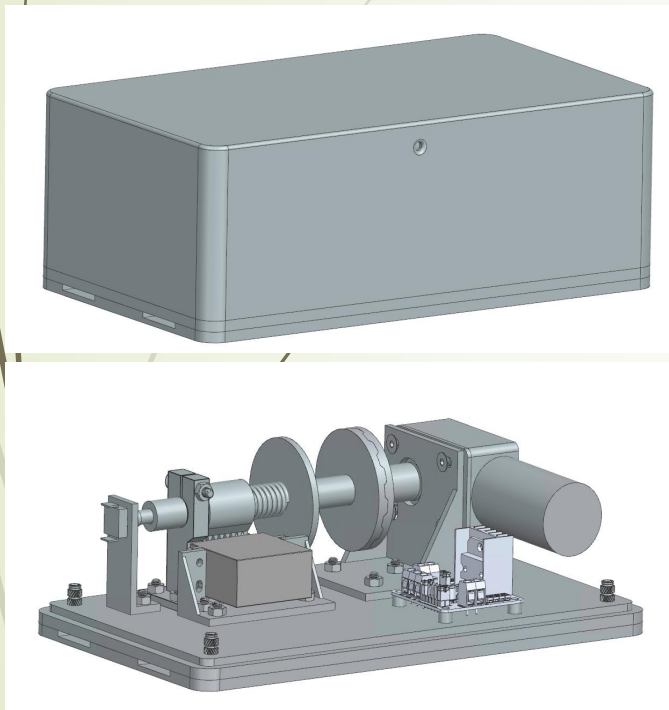
- Max Stress: 2151.8 psi
  - PLA Yield Strength: 6556 psi
  - FOS: 3.05
- Max Deformation: .054"
  - Clearance between shell and internal components is .125"



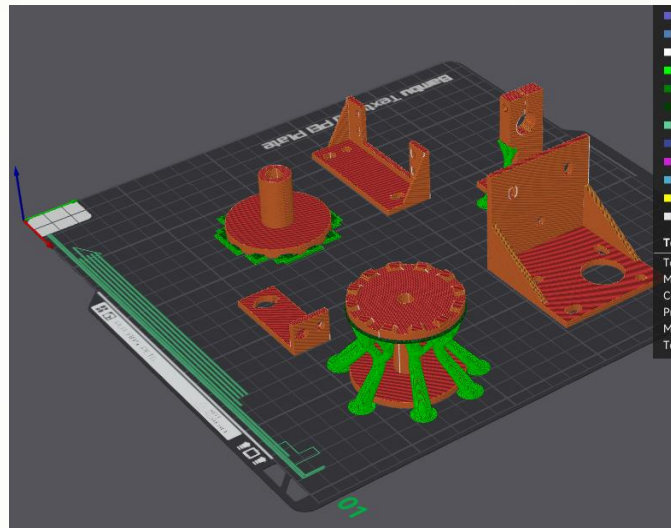
# Manufacturing and Assembly

# 3D Printing

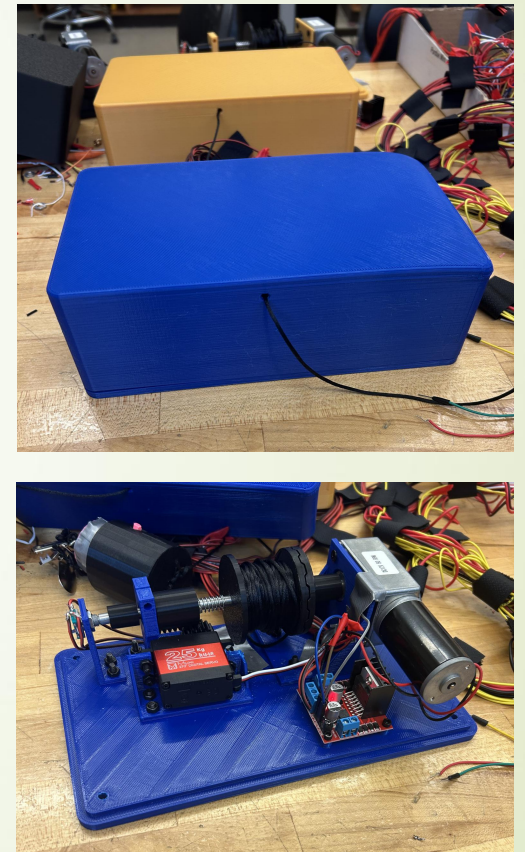
## CAD Model



## Slicing

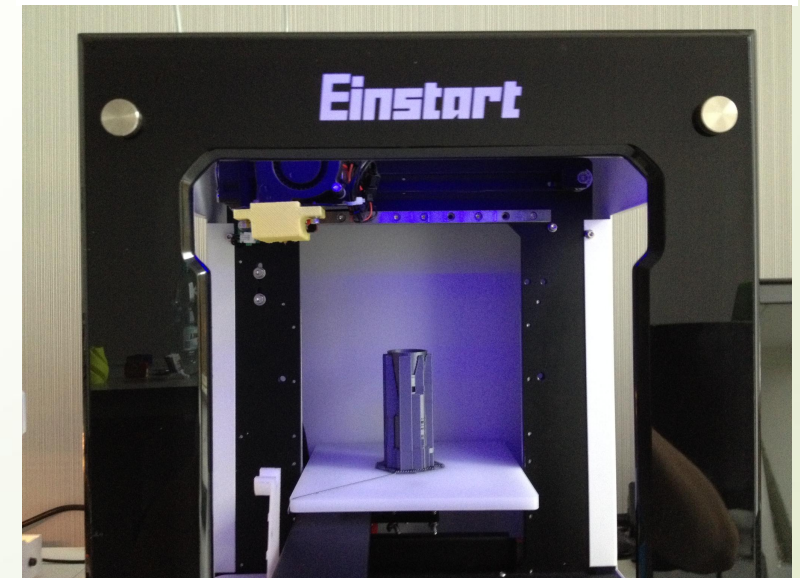


## Final Prototype



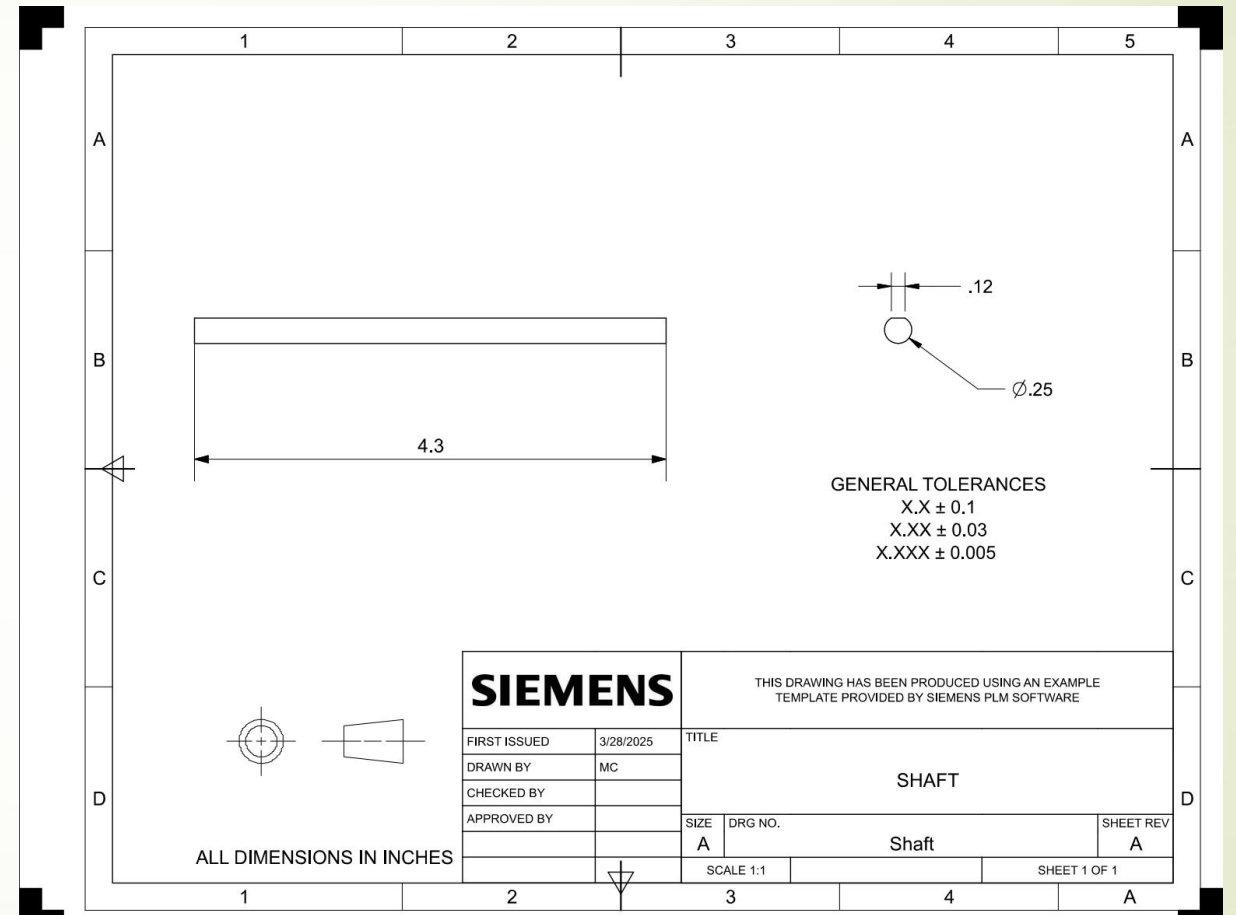
# 3D Printing Settings

- Printers
  - Einstart
  - TAZ-6 Pro
- Infill Density – 25%
  - Down from 100% to save time in prototyping process
- Infill Pattern – Grid
- Default Temperature Settings
- Default Speed Settings
- Default Travel Settings
- Default Cooling Settings
- Build Plate Adhesion
  - Brim
  - Skirt

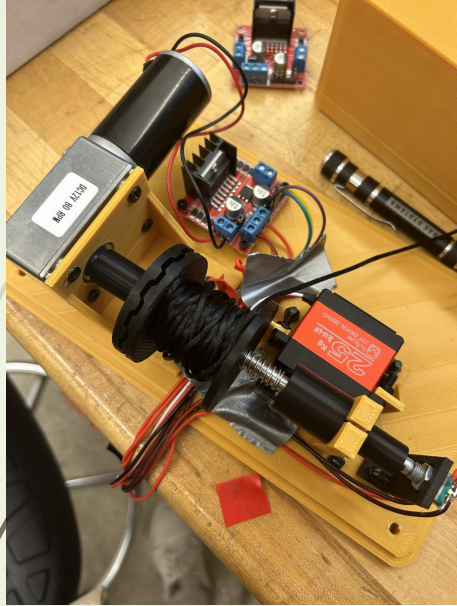


# Machine Shop Operations

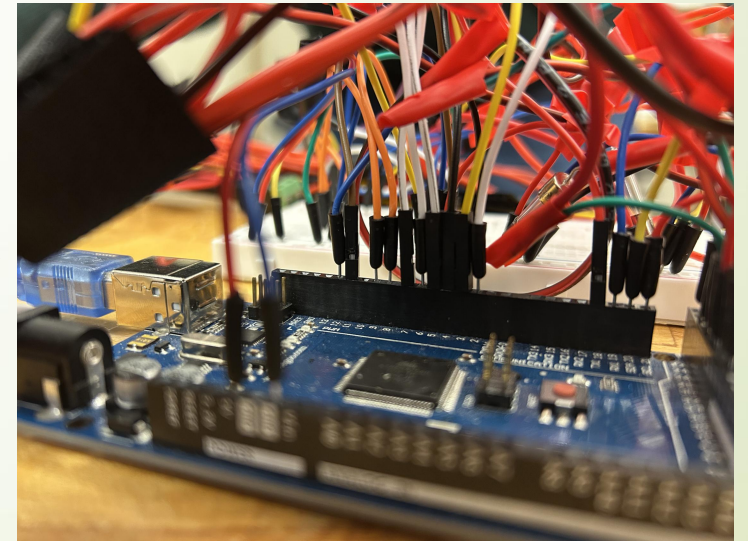
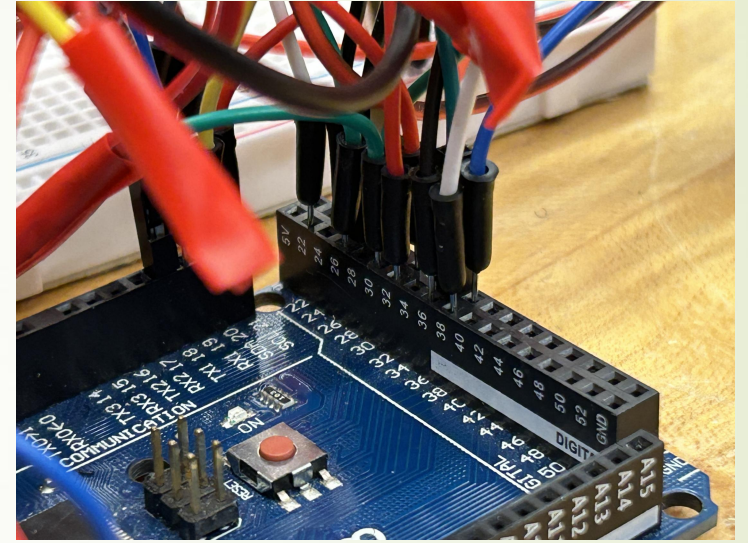
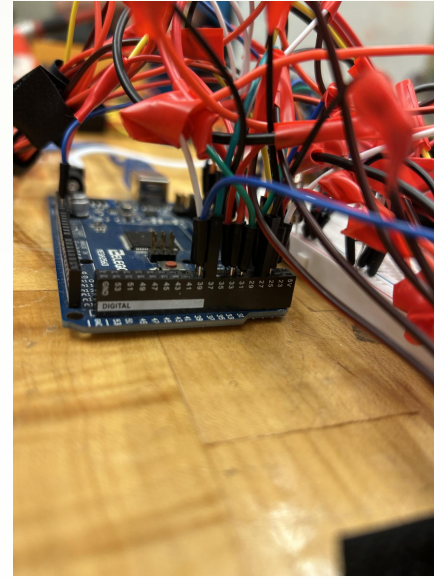
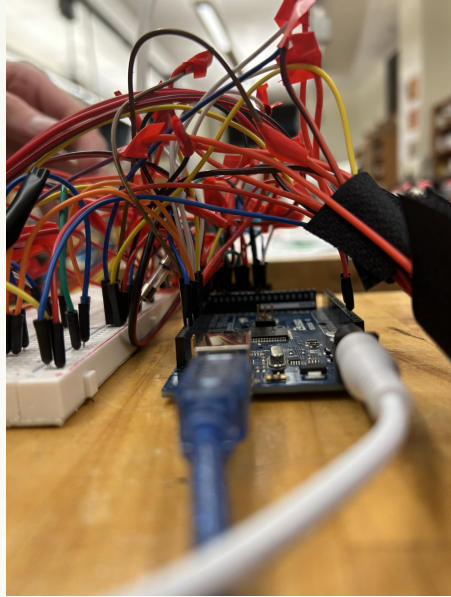
- ▶ Shaft in Modules (x4)
  - ▶ Cut to length
  - ▶ Turn down diameter to fit into spool



# Electronics



Module Wiring



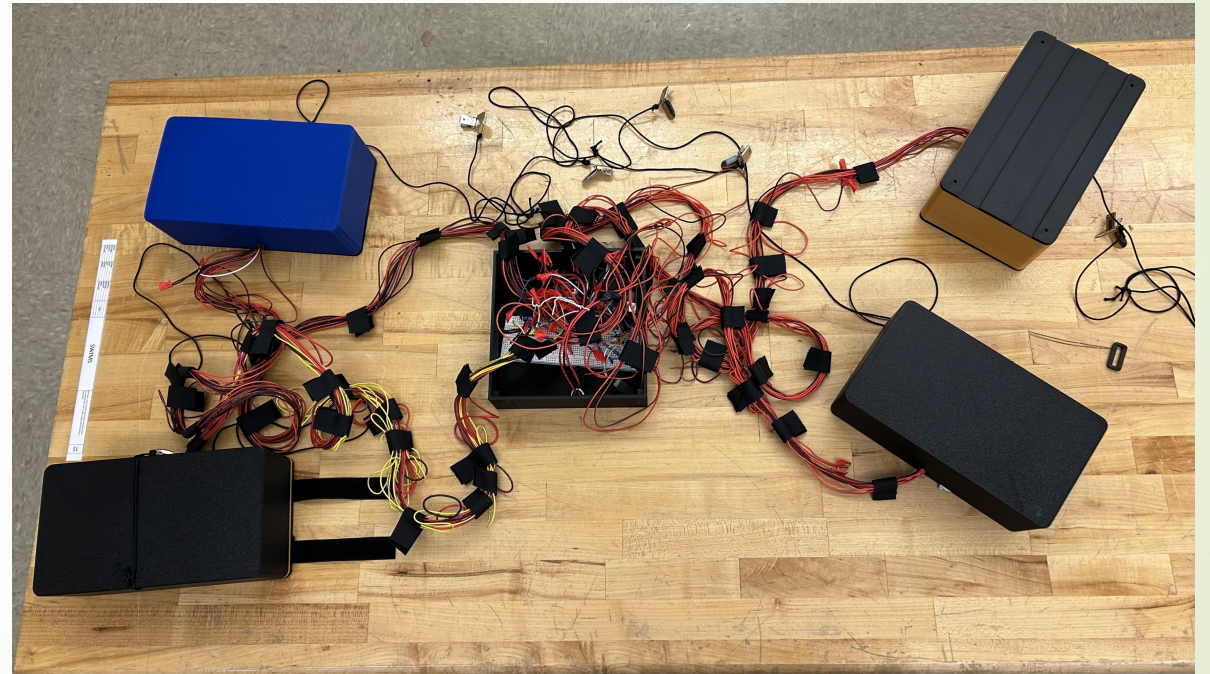
Arduino and Breadboard Wiring

# More images

Main Hub



Full Assembly



# Testing and Validation

# Engineering Requirements and Constraints

## Engineering Requirements

- Compatible with Twin to King Sized Beds
- Compatible with 6-16" Mattresses
- Power Input: 120V US Power Outlets
- Cost Target: <\$150
- Time Target: <2 minutes to remove and replace bed sheet
- Weight: <10 lbs
- Accuracy of Bed Sheet Placement:  $\pm 3$ in
- Noise Level: <70 dB under operation (<Vacuum Cleaner)

## Constraints

- Budget: \$1000
- Final Design Deadline: 16 weeks
- Safety for all consumers
  - No magnets to avoid issues with pacemakers

# Engineering Requirements

Requirement	Testing Method	Result
Compatible with Twin to King Size Beds; 6"-16" thick mattresses	Set up modules under an actual bed	Couldn't source mattress larger than Twin Size
Power Input: 120V US Power Outlets	Power using wall outlet and see if prototype functions	Prototype functions solely using standard US Power Outlets
Does not damage or leave imprints on bedsheet	After testing, inspect bedsheets	Bedsheets weren't visibly damaged during testing
Weight Capacity: 225 pounds	Apply weight on top of module	Module was able to support the weight of a team member, but have yet to test max load case
Unit Weight: <10 lbs	Weigh each module	Modules weigh 2.5 lbs
Noise Level: <70 dB under operation (<Vacuum Cleaner)	Use decibel meter to measure noise level while operating	Under operation, max noise level was 60.2 dB
Time Target: <2 minutes to remove and replace bed sheet	Time while testing	Bedsheet testing inconclusive
Accuracy of Bed Sheet Placement: $\pm 3$ in	Measure bedsheet placements after testing	Bedsheet testing inconclusive

# Validation

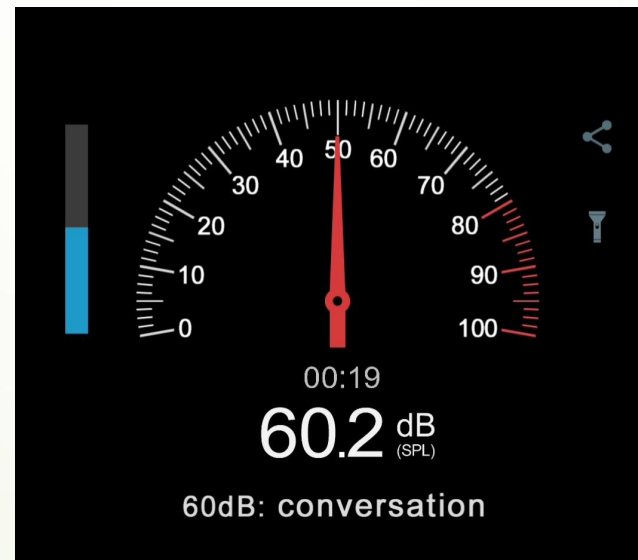
- ▶ We weighed one of the modules on a scale; each module was less than 10 pounds



- ▶ We tested the weight the modules could hold; they can withstand someone directly on top of them as well as someone in the center of the bed.



- ▶ We measured the noise level of the module while operating using a decibel meter; the maximum noise level to be 60.2 dB



# Validation Continued

- We placed the modules in their intended positions and discovered that there was more than enough space to accommodate larger beds



- We checked the corners of the bedsheet for any damage that might've been caused from the clips, finding none



# Validation Continued

- ▶ We tested the functionality of the entire prototype on a real bed. Unfortunately, the prototype did not work entirely as intended



# Validation Continued



# Project Shortcomings

# Sheet Uniformity

- The sheet is not as uniform as we wanted
  - This is because of our adapter, pulling with 2 cables is best but the adapter doesn't let the clips be far enough away from each other
- Having each module be circular and have 2 spools would have been better. This would fix the uniformity issue
- Unfortunately, this is a major design change and would have to be made early in the design process, and would take a significant amount of time

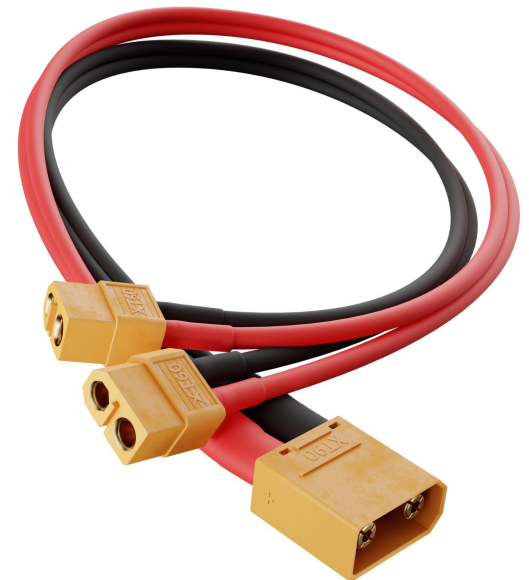
# Motor Power

- ▶ We ran into an issue in our initial tests on an actual bed where the motors would stop without the torque limiter activating
- ▶ We discovered this was a current issue, we were able to counteract this in some tests by only running 2 motors at a time.
- ▶ Ideally given another week of time we could get a better power supply and all four motors would work simultaneously



# Wiring

- ▶ While the wiring is correct, it also can get tangled very easily.
- ▶ This has led to many issues with mobility of the project where wires in the bread board will get disconnected
- ▶ A solution to this would be to use and make wiring connectors that go through the wall of the main hub
  - This means that we can simply unplug each module from the main hub and plug it back in without any issues
- ▶ Given 2 more weeks this issue would be solved



# Business Proposition

# Value Proposition

- 70 million US adults with physical disability
- 57.8 million elderly people in US aged 65+
  - Expected to grow to 80 million in 2040
- Approximately 145 million homes in United States (as of 2023), with an average of 3 beds per home
  - Amounts to almost 450 million beds
  - 2022 to 2023 was a 1.5% increase; housing is a growing market
- BedBuddy could capture only 0.01% of the 65+ market and sell 5,780 units per year

# Cost Estimates

- All Purchased parts cost a total around **\$654**
- All used parts are significantly cheaper, around **\$100**
- Expecting a selling price of around **\$200**
- Full scale production cost per unit should be at most **\$40**
- If BedBuddy sells the projected volume we would see a profit of \$924,800



# Conclusion

# Conclusion and Next Steps

Overall, this went well given the time constraint. The product works as we want it to, and we can clearly identify exactly how to make it perform better

## ► Next Steps

- Order new power supply
- Order wire connectors
- Begin designing and printing new modified module designs

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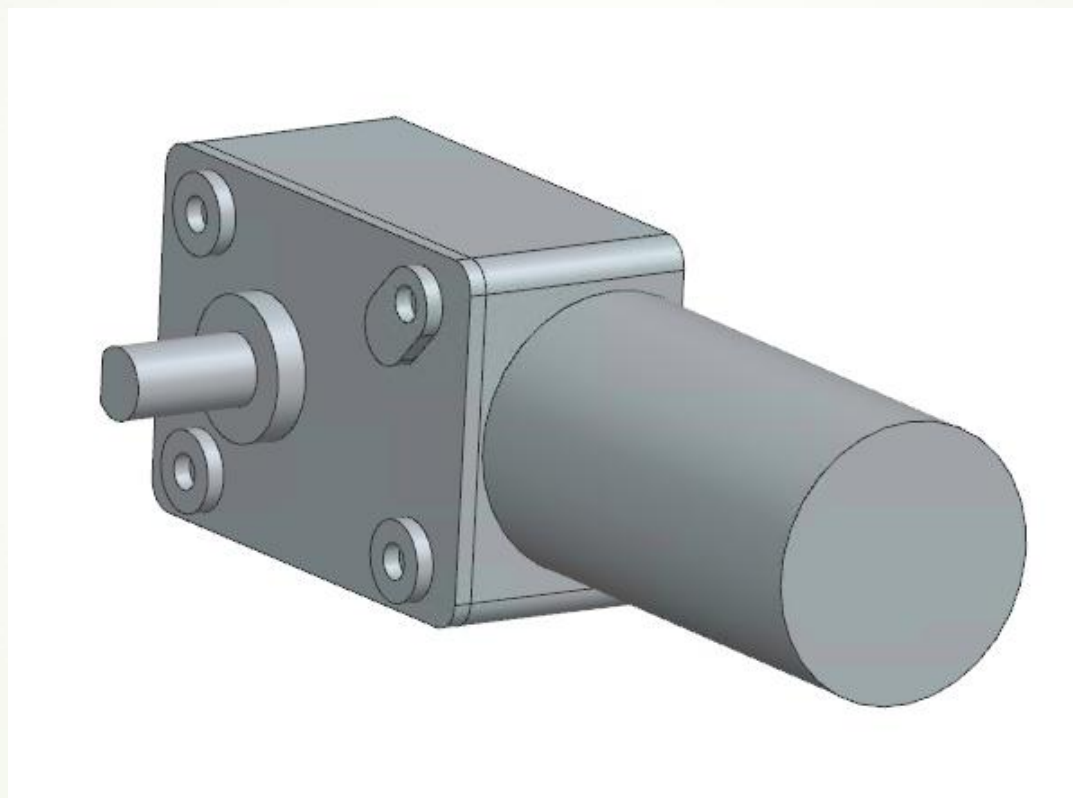
Thank You!

Questions?

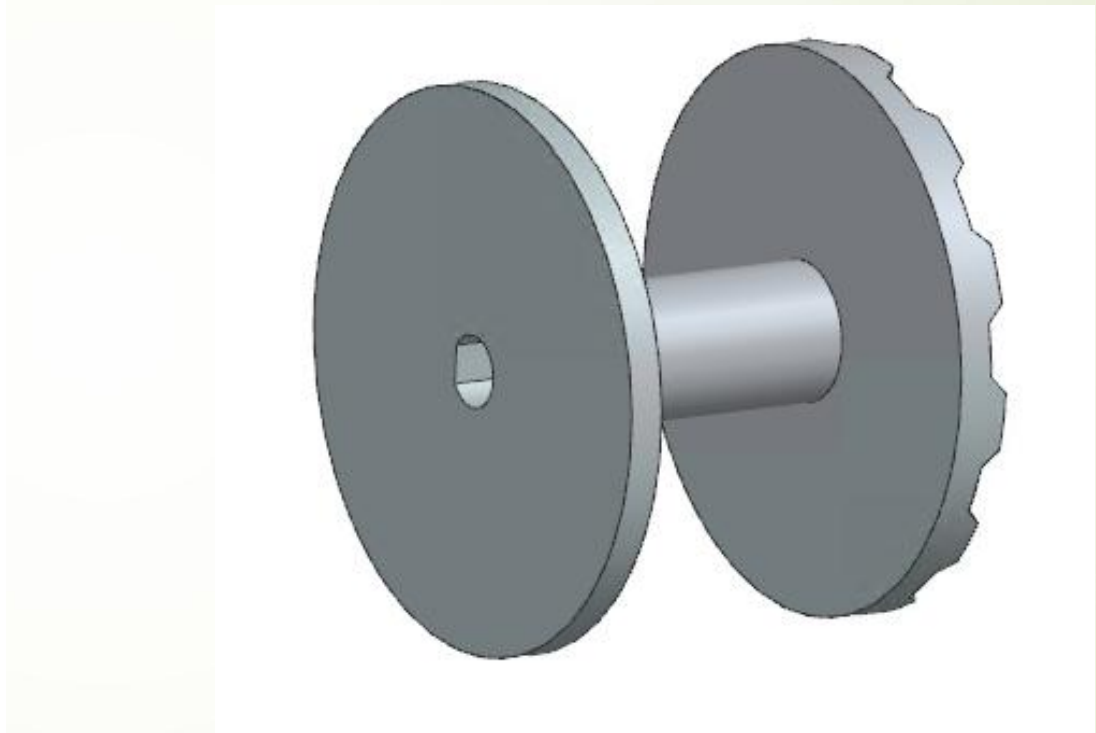
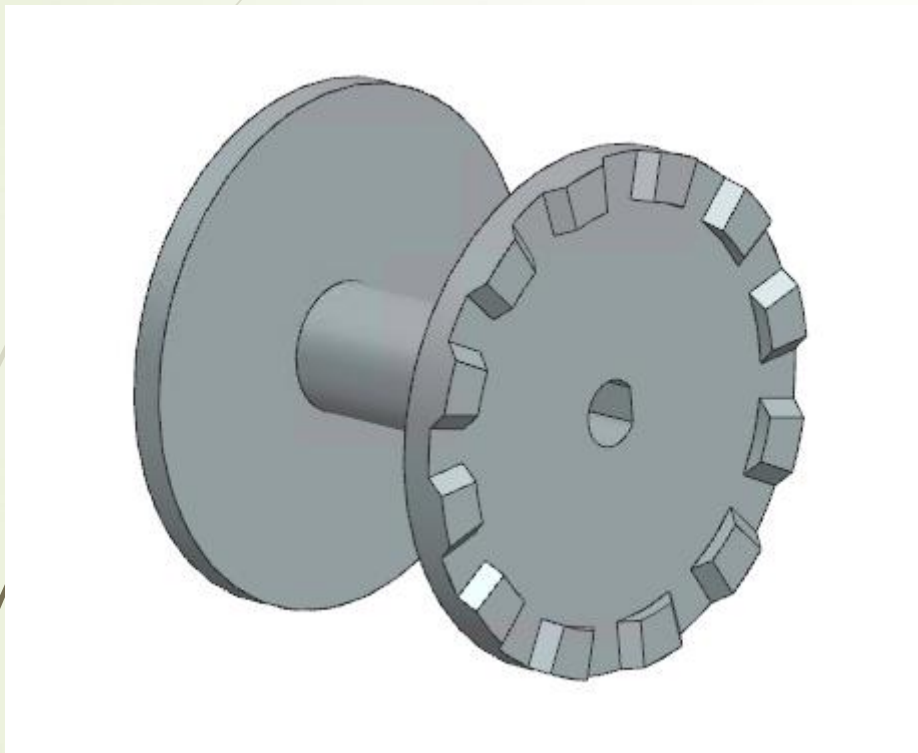
# Appendices

# Appendix A: CAD

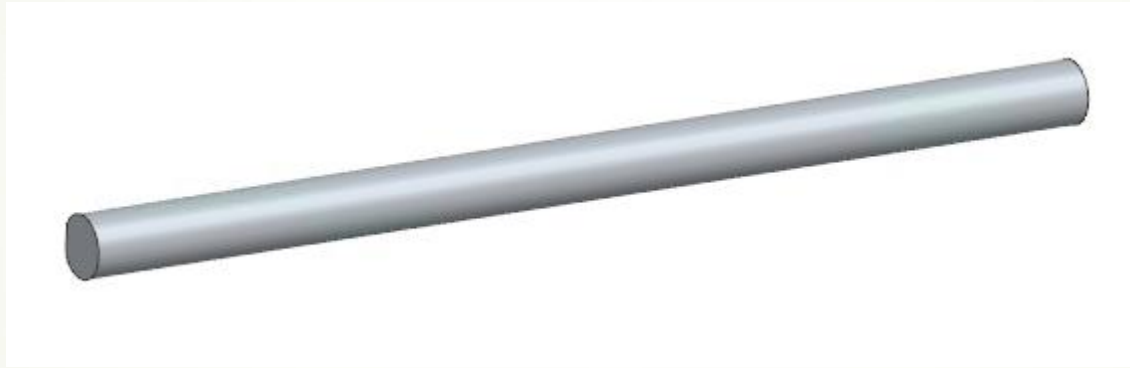
# Motor



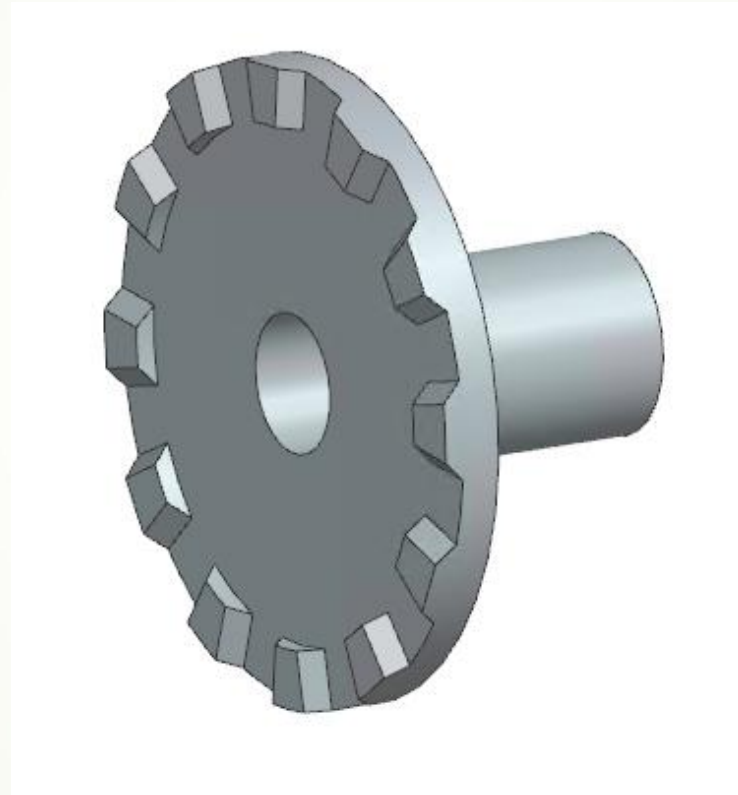
# Spool



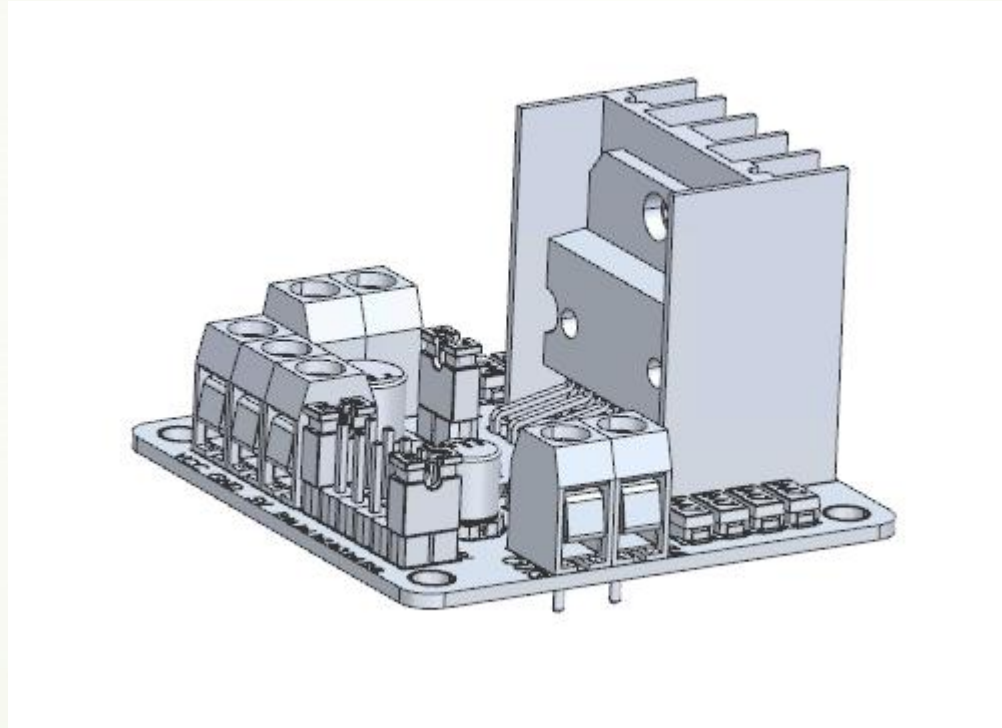
# Shaft



# Motor Limiter



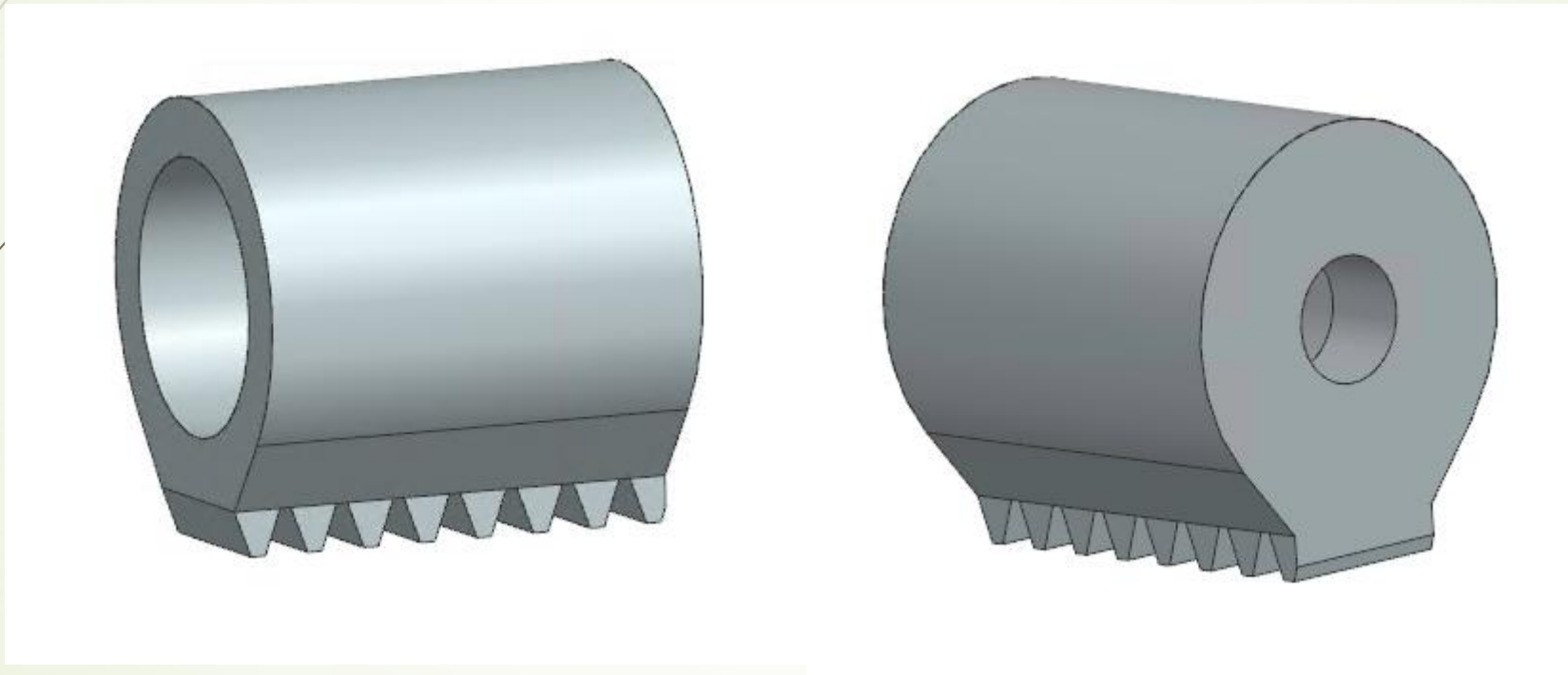
# Motor Driver



# Spring Adjuster Pinion



# Spring Adjuster Rack



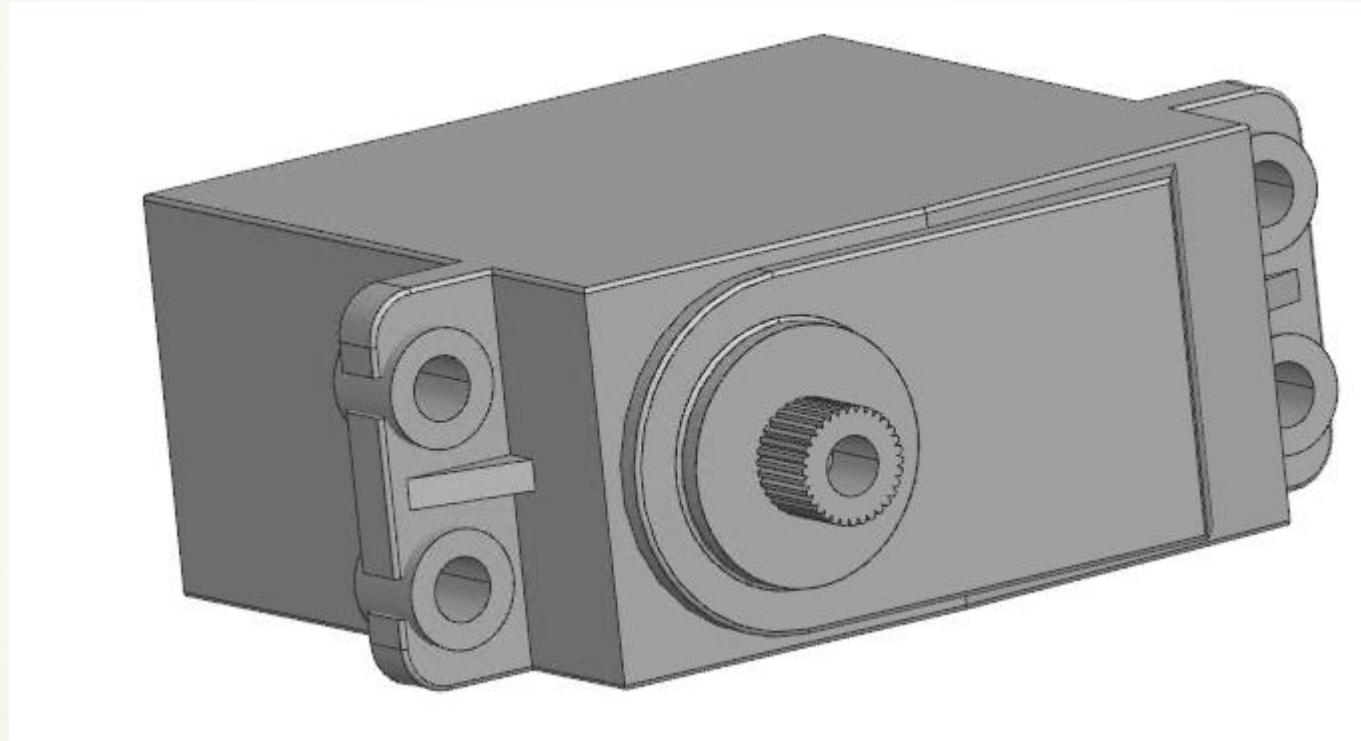
# Spring Bushing



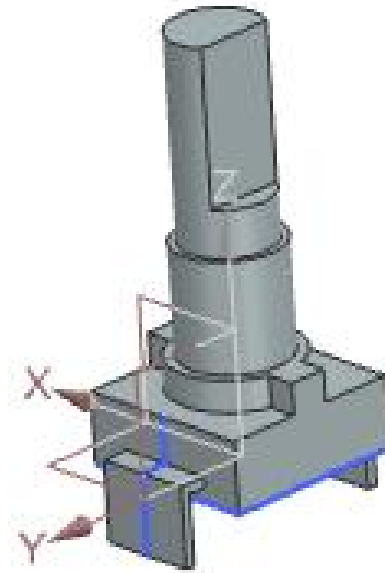
# Spring



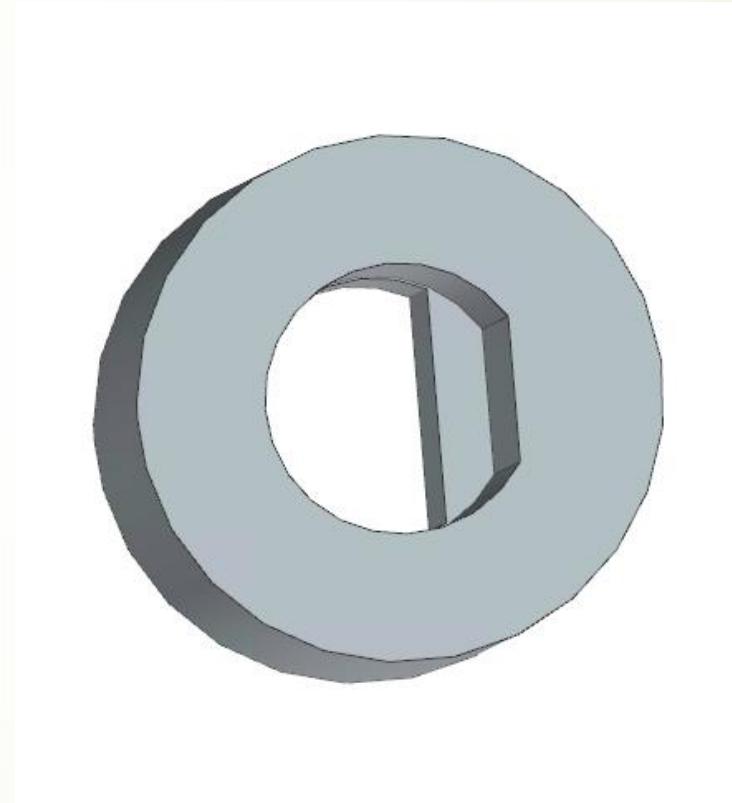
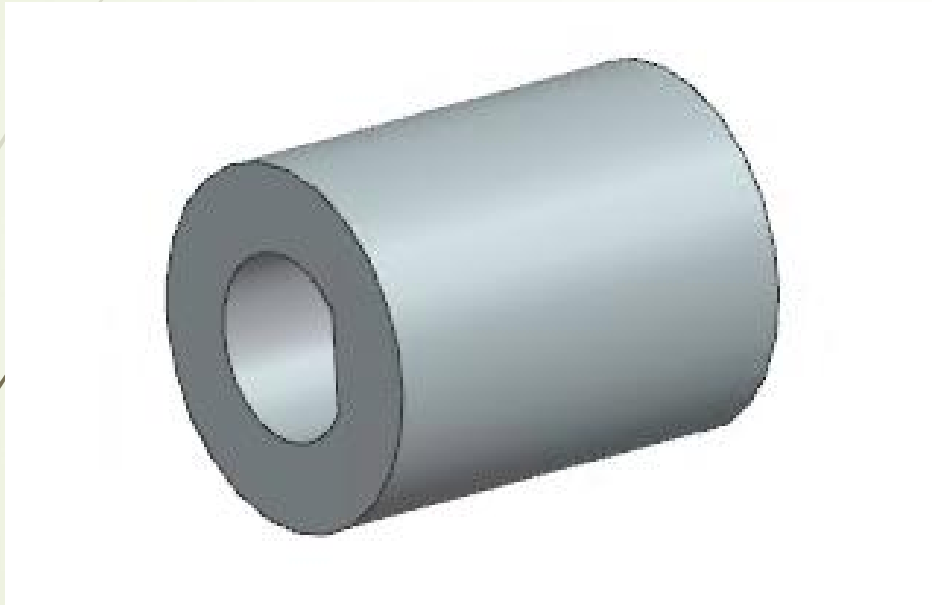
# Servo



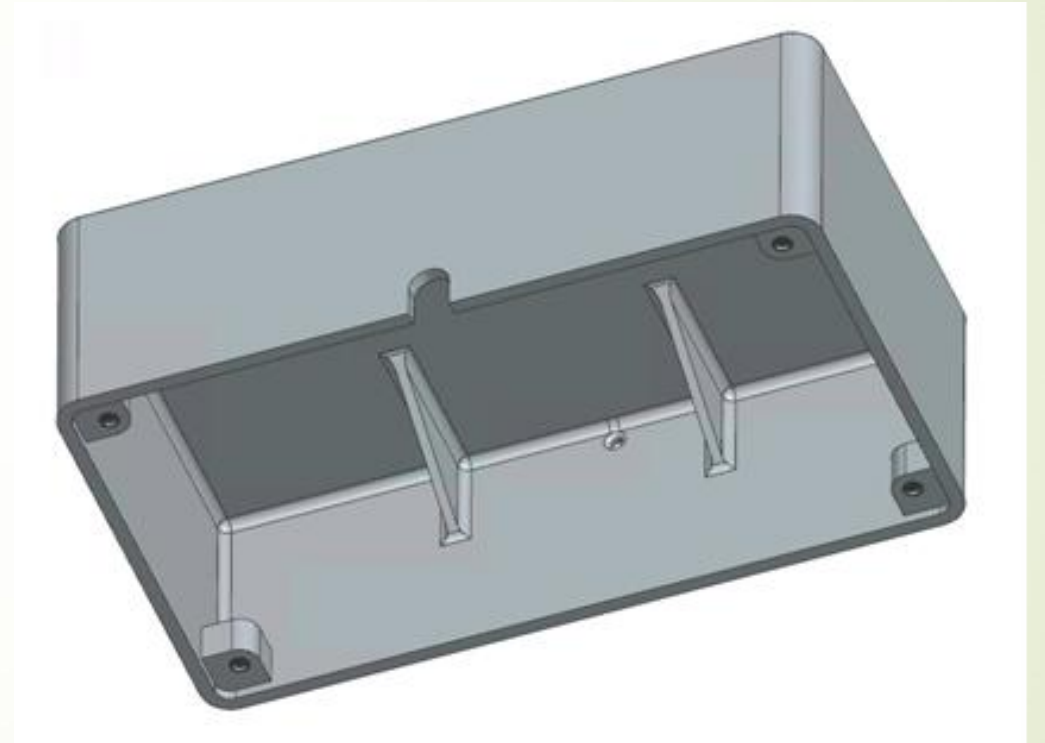
# Rotary Encoder



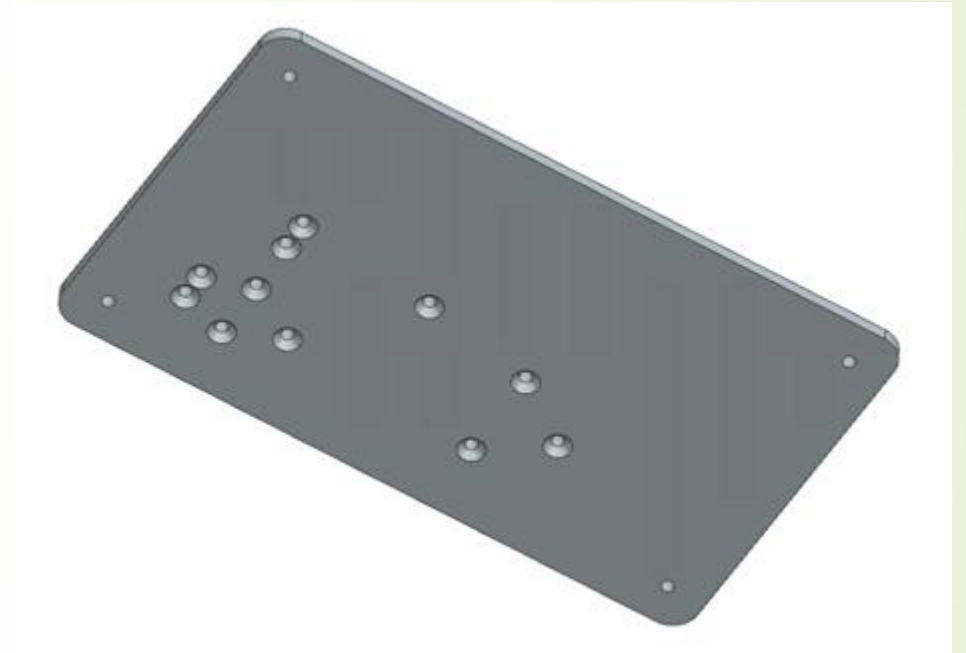
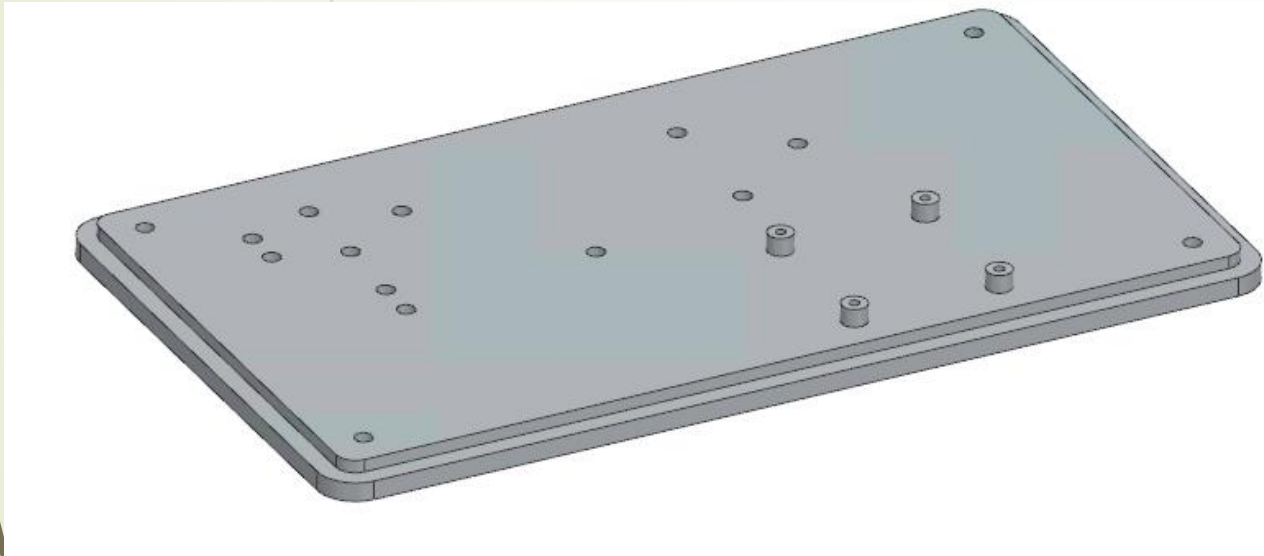
# Encoder Coupler



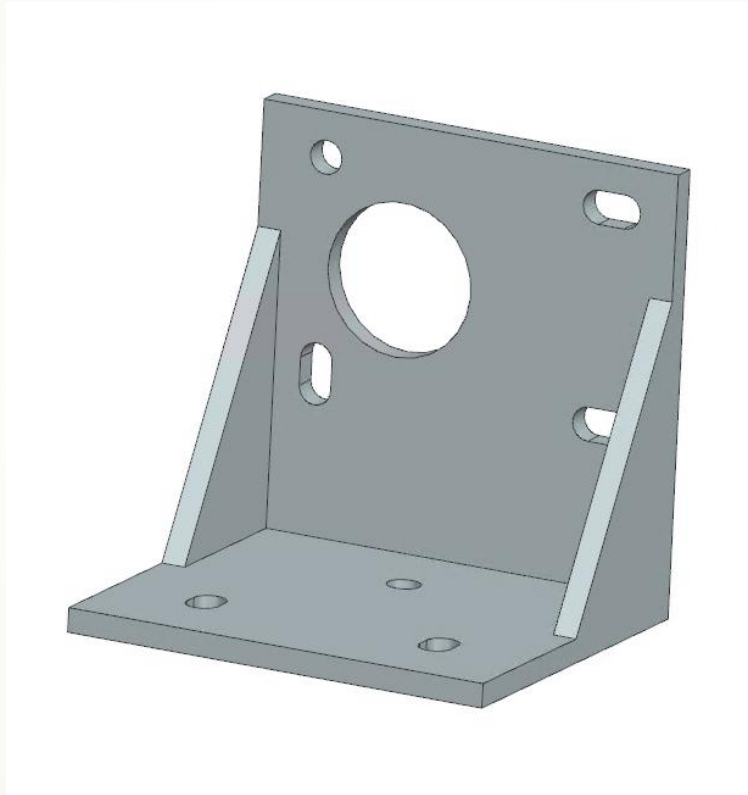
# Module Shell



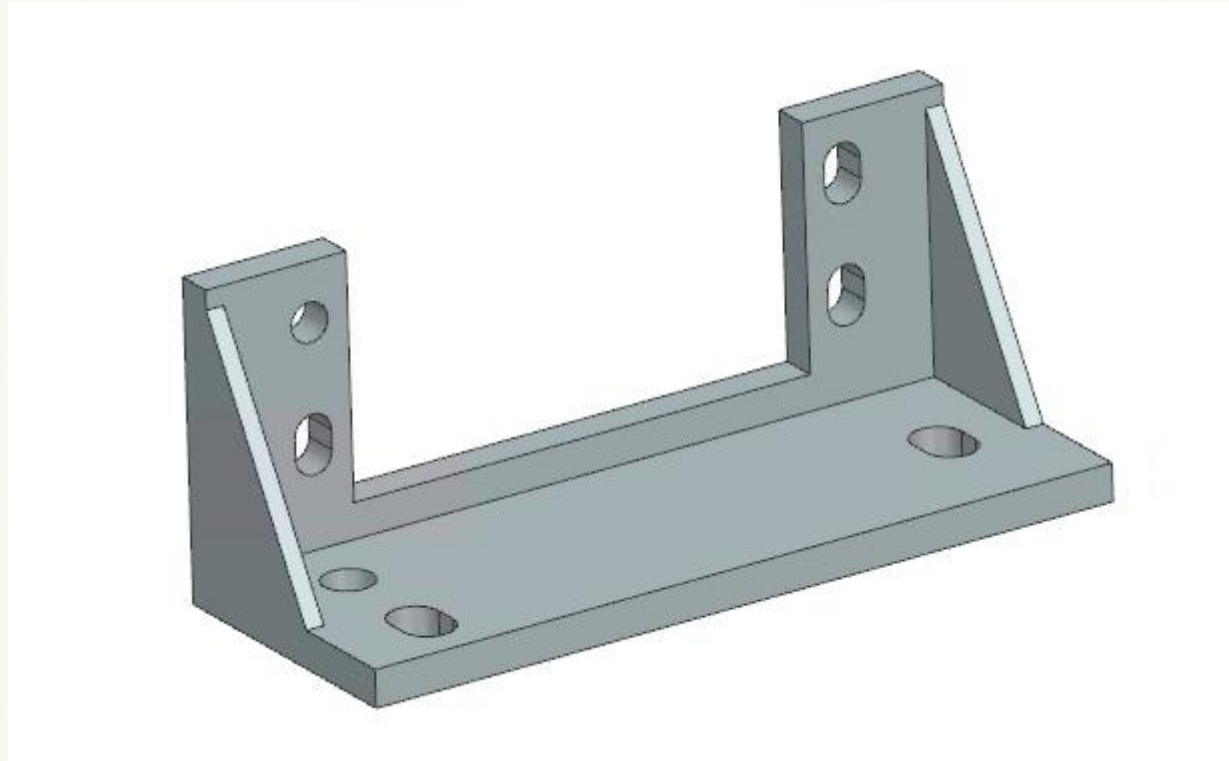
# Base Plate



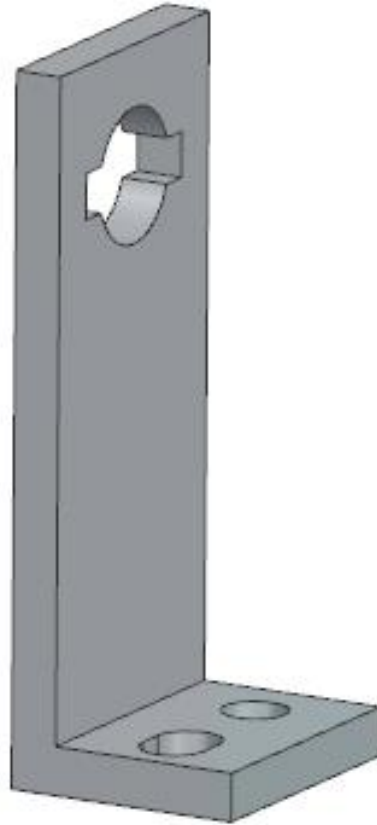
# Motor Mount



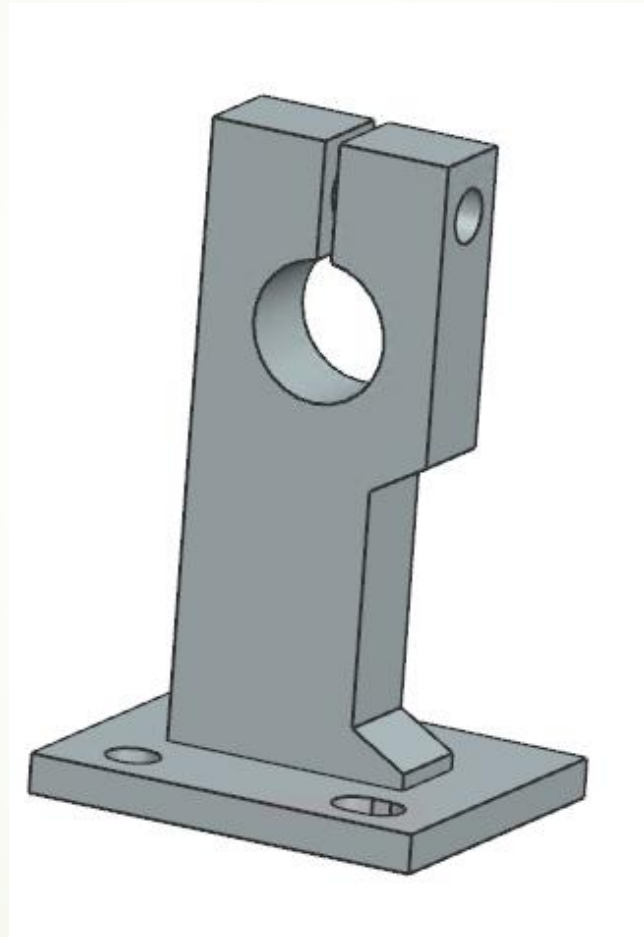
# Servo Bracket



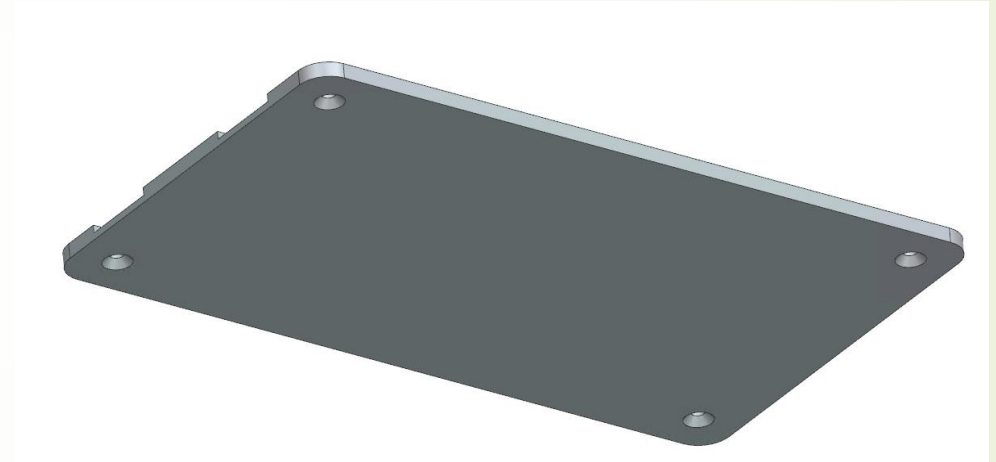
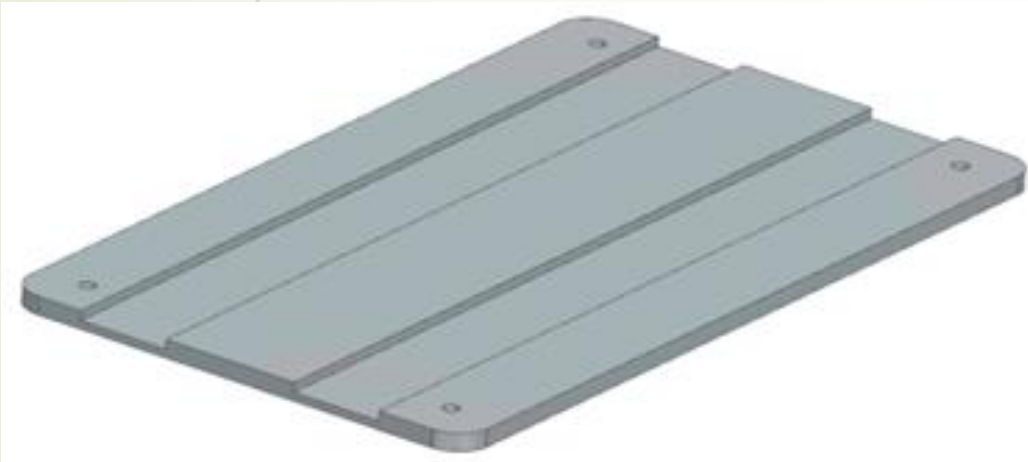
# Encoder Bracket



# Bearing Block



# Mounting Plate



# Appendix B: Analysis

# Rack and Pinion Calculator

inputs		
k	1	- depth of teeth (1=full depth, 0.8 = stub)
phi	20	degrees pressure angle
min num of teeth	17.09726434	- minimum number of teeth without interference and undercutting
num of teeth	18	-
pitch diameter	0.75	in diameter of contact points of pinion
pinion gear parameters		
diametral pitch	24	1/in how spaced out the teeth are
addendum	0.041666667	in distance from pitch diameter to outer diameter
dedendum	0.052083333	in distance from pitch diameter to innermost diameter
circular pitch	0.130899694	in distance between center to center of tooth at pitch diameter
clearance	0.010416667	in distance between bottom of tooth and dedendum circle
radius of curvature	0.128257554	in radius of curvature at each individual tooth at the intersection of tooth face and pitch diameter circle
tooth thickness	0.065449847	in thickness of each tooth measured at pitch diameter
outer diameter	0.833333333	in outermost diameter
rack parameters		
tooth spacing	0.123005476	in distance between equivalent points on teeth of rack
tooth thickness	0.061502738	in thickness of each tooth measured at tangency line
addendum	0.041666667	in distance from tangency line to top of tooth
dedendum	0.052083333	in distance from tangency line to bottom of tooth

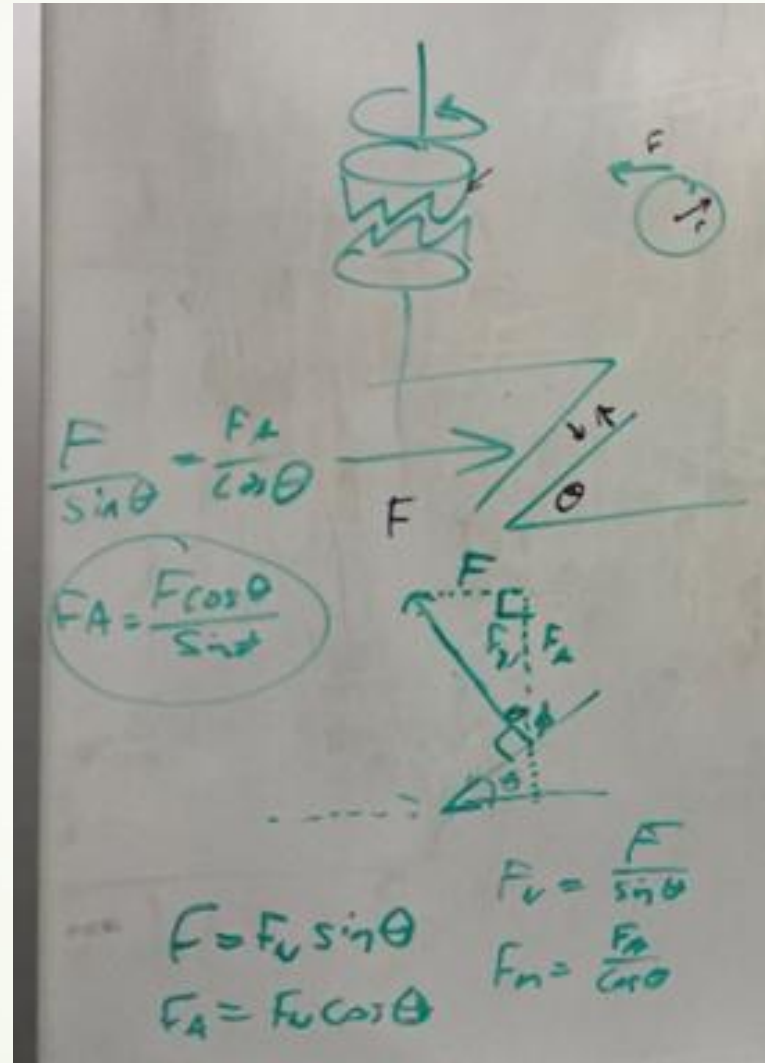
The smallest spur pinion that will operate with a rack without interference is

$$N_p = \frac{2(k)}{\sin^2 \phi} \quad (13-13)$$

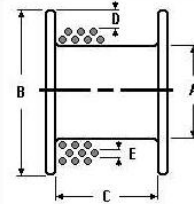
We have already noted that the first evidence of wear occurs near the pitch line. The radii of curvature of the tooth profiles at the pitch point are

$$r_1 = \frac{d_P \sin \phi}{2} \quad r_2 = \frac{d_G \sin \phi}{2} \quad (14-12)$$

# Torque Limiter Calculations



# Spool Sizing Calculations



A	Barrel Diameter:	<input type="text" value=".5"/>	<input type="text" value="inch"/>
B	Flange Diameter:	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="inch"/>
C	Drum Length:	<input type="text" value="1.25"/>	<input type="text" value="inch"/>
D	Freeboard:	<input type="text" value=".25"/>	<input type="text" value="inch"/>
Other - specify <input type="text" value=""/>			
E	Cable Diameter:	English <input type="text" value=""/>	Metric <input type="text" value=""/>
		= inches	<input type="text" value=".0787"/>
Unit of Measure:		<input checked="" type="radio"/> English	<input type="radio"/> Metric
Drum surface:		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Smooth	<input type="radio"/> Grooved

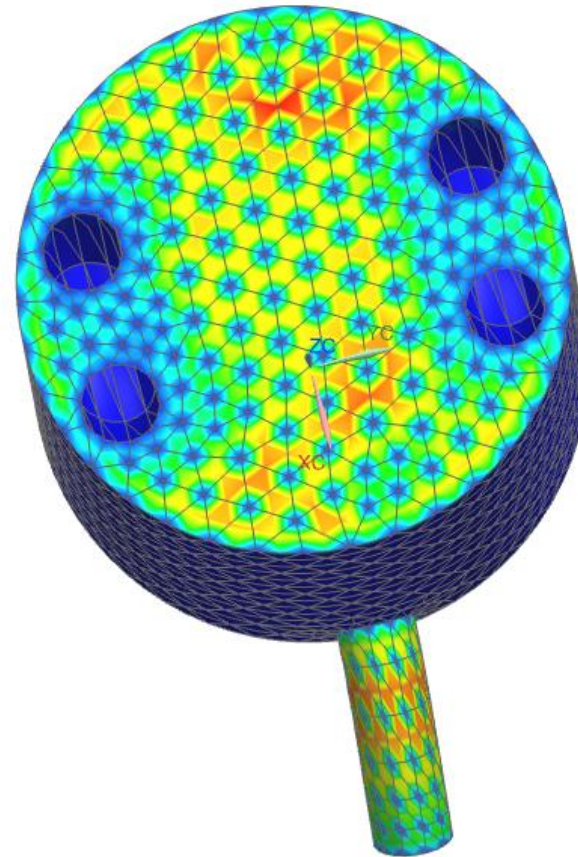
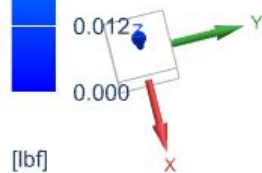
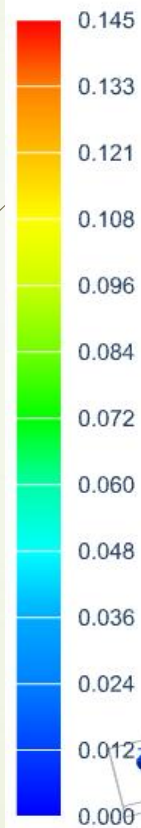
Layer 1 = 2 feet  
 Layer 2 = 5 feet  
 Layer 3 = 8 feet  
 Layer 4 = 12 feet  
 Layer 5 = 17 feet  
 Layer 6 = 22 feet

Total Drum Capacity:	<input type="text" value="22"/>	<input type="text" value="feet"/>
Total Working Drum Capacity:	<input type="text" value="21"/>	<input type="text" value="feet"/>
Recommended Working Capacity:	<input type="text" value="17"/>	<input type="text" value="feet"/>
D / d ratio:	<input type="text" value="7.3.532"/>	
Minimum distance to lead sheave:	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="feet"/>
Maximum distance to lead sheave:	<input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="text" value="feet"/>

# Appendix C: FEA

# Adapter: Upper Half

Adapter\_Upper\_Layout\_sim1 : Basic FEA Result  
Subcase - Static Loads 1, Static Step 1  
Applied Force - Nodal, Magnitude  
Min : 0.000, Max : 0.145, Units = lbf  
CSYS : Absolute Rectangular  
Deformation : Displacement - Nodal Magnitude



# Torque Limiter Calculations

- Hand Calcs to determine relationship between slipping torque and applied axial force
  - Inputs are desired torque and tooth angle, output is necessary axial force
- Used equations from Shigley's to determine rack and pinion geometry

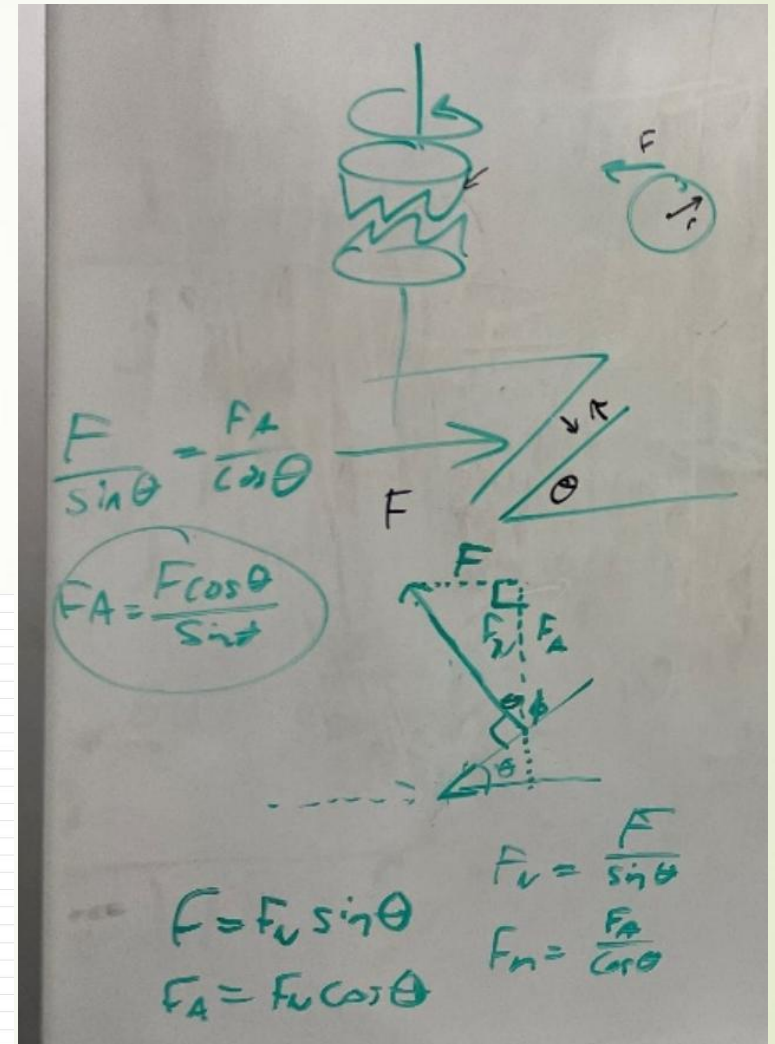
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radius of curvature	0.128257554	radius of curvature at each individual tooth at the intersection of tooth face and pitch diameter circle
tooth thickness	0.065449847	thickness of each tooth measured at pitch diameter
outer diameter	0.833333333	outermost diameter
rack parameters		
tooth spacing	0.123005476	distance between equivalent points on teeth of rack
tooth thickness	0.061502738	thickness of each tooth measured at tangency line
addendum	0.041666667	distance from tangency line to top of tooth
dedendum	0.052083333	distance from tangency line to bottom of tooth

The smallest spur pinion that will operate with a rack without interference is

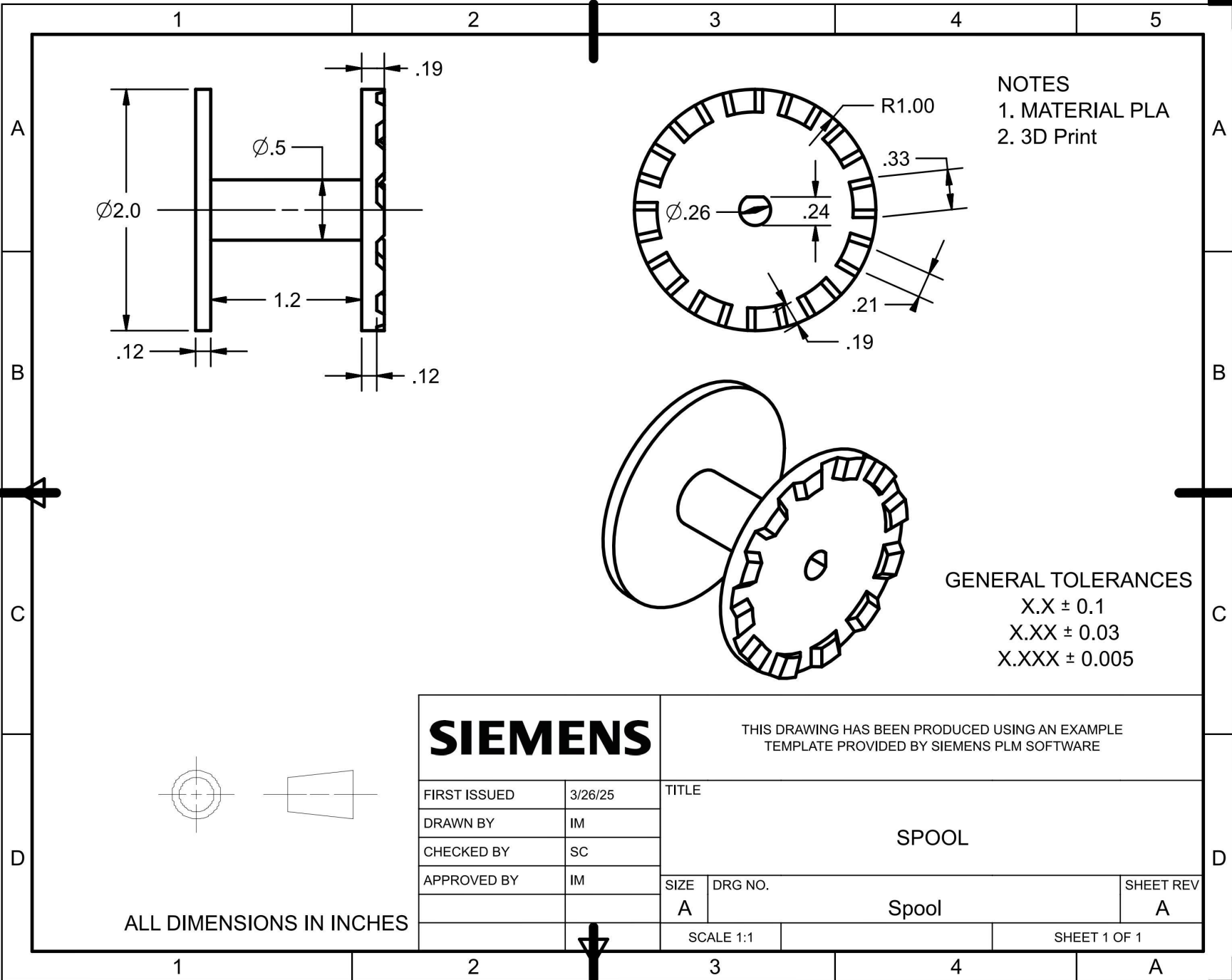
$$N_p = \frac{2(k)}{\sin^2 \phi} \quad (13-13)$$

We have already noted that the first evidence of wear occurs near the pitch line. The radii of curvature of the tooth profiles at the pitch point are

$$r_1 = \frac{d_p \sin \phi}{2} \quad r_2 = \frac{d_G \sin \phi}{2} \quad (14-12)$$



# Appendix D: Manufacturing Drawings



NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D Print

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

**SIEMENS**

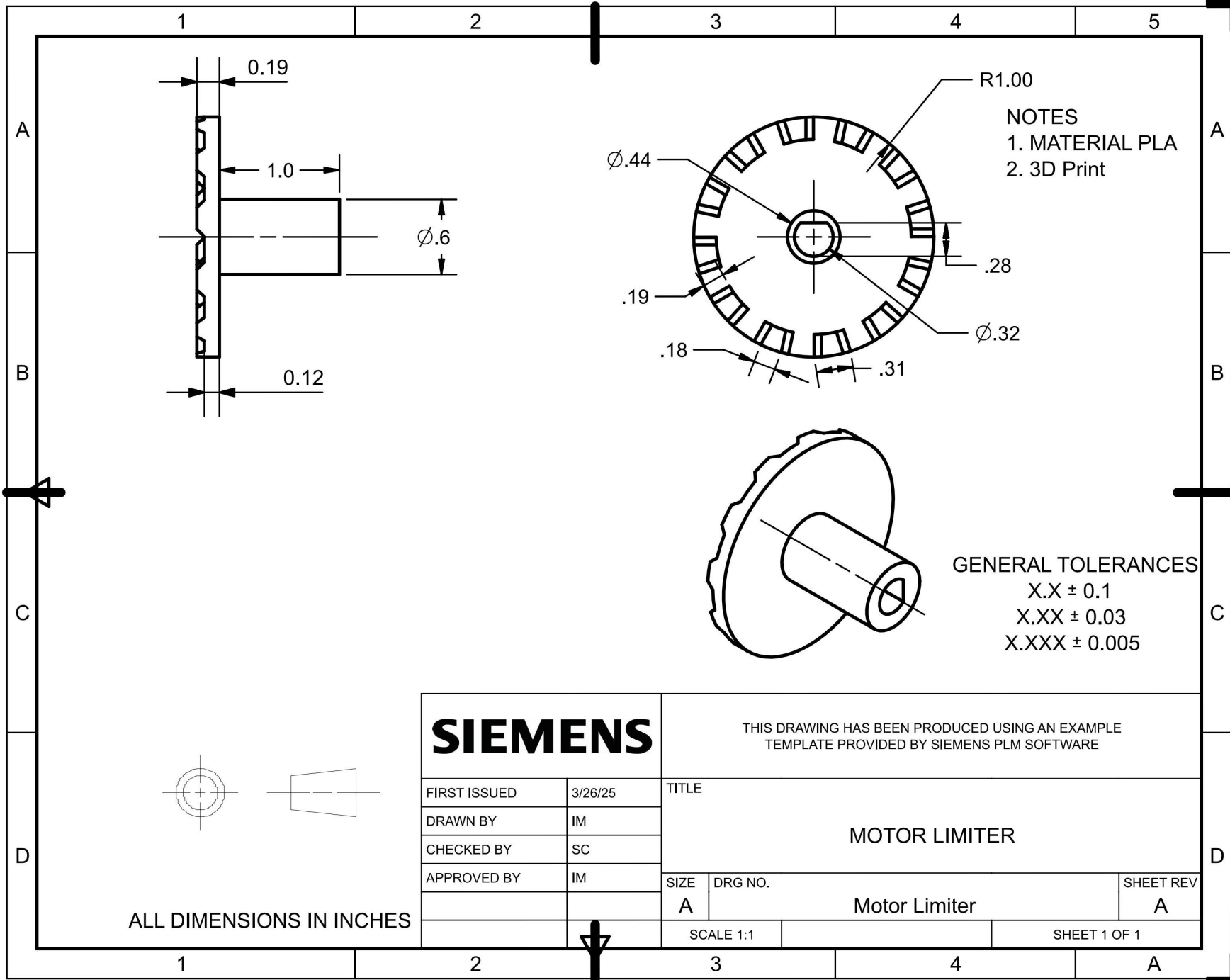
THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRODUCED USING AN EXAMPLE  
 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

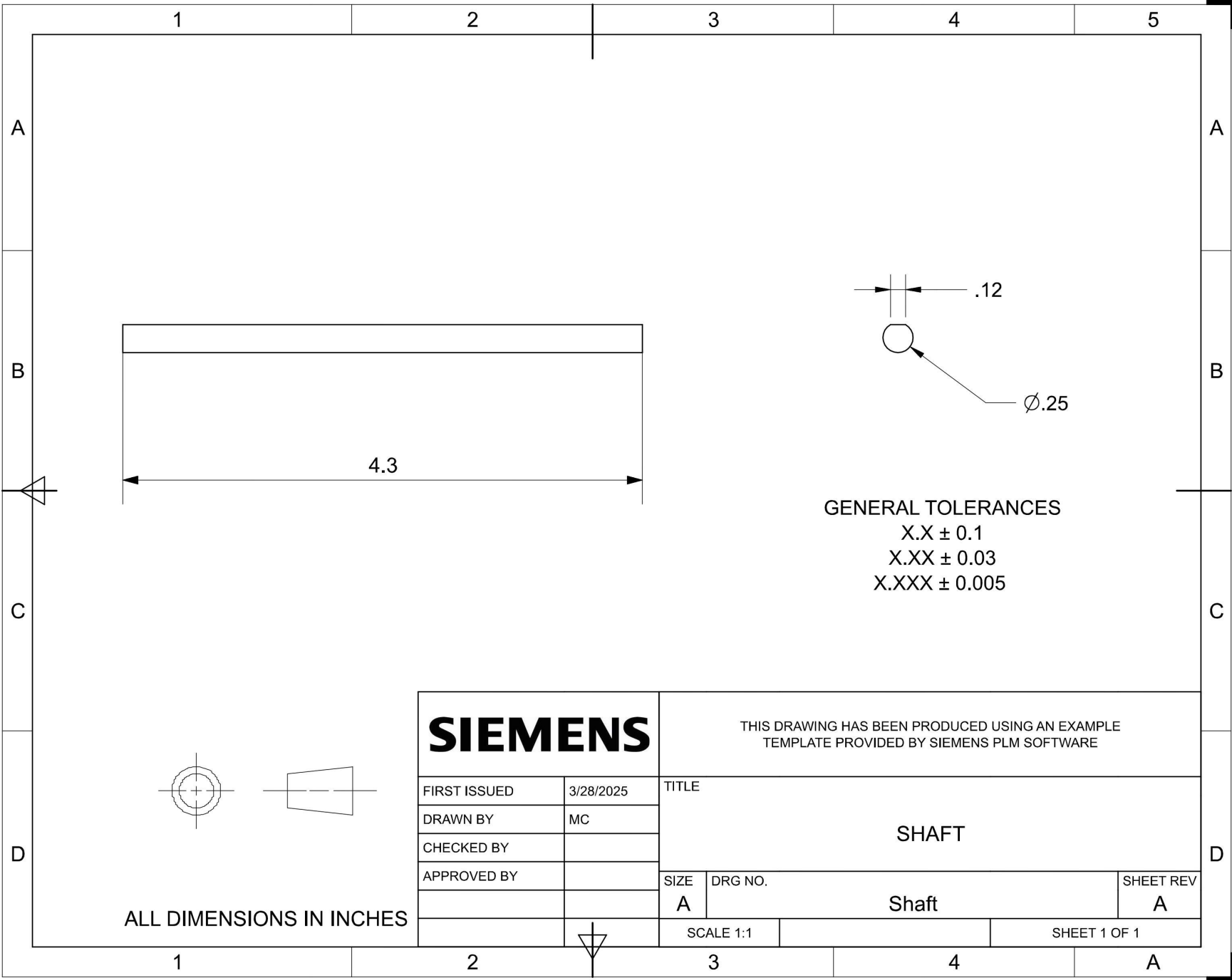
FIRST ISSUED	3/26/25
DRAWN BY	IM
CHECKED BY	SC
APPROVED BY	IM

TITLE	
SPOOL	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Spool
SHEET REV	
A	

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

SCALE 1:1 SHEET 1 OF 1





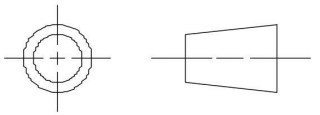
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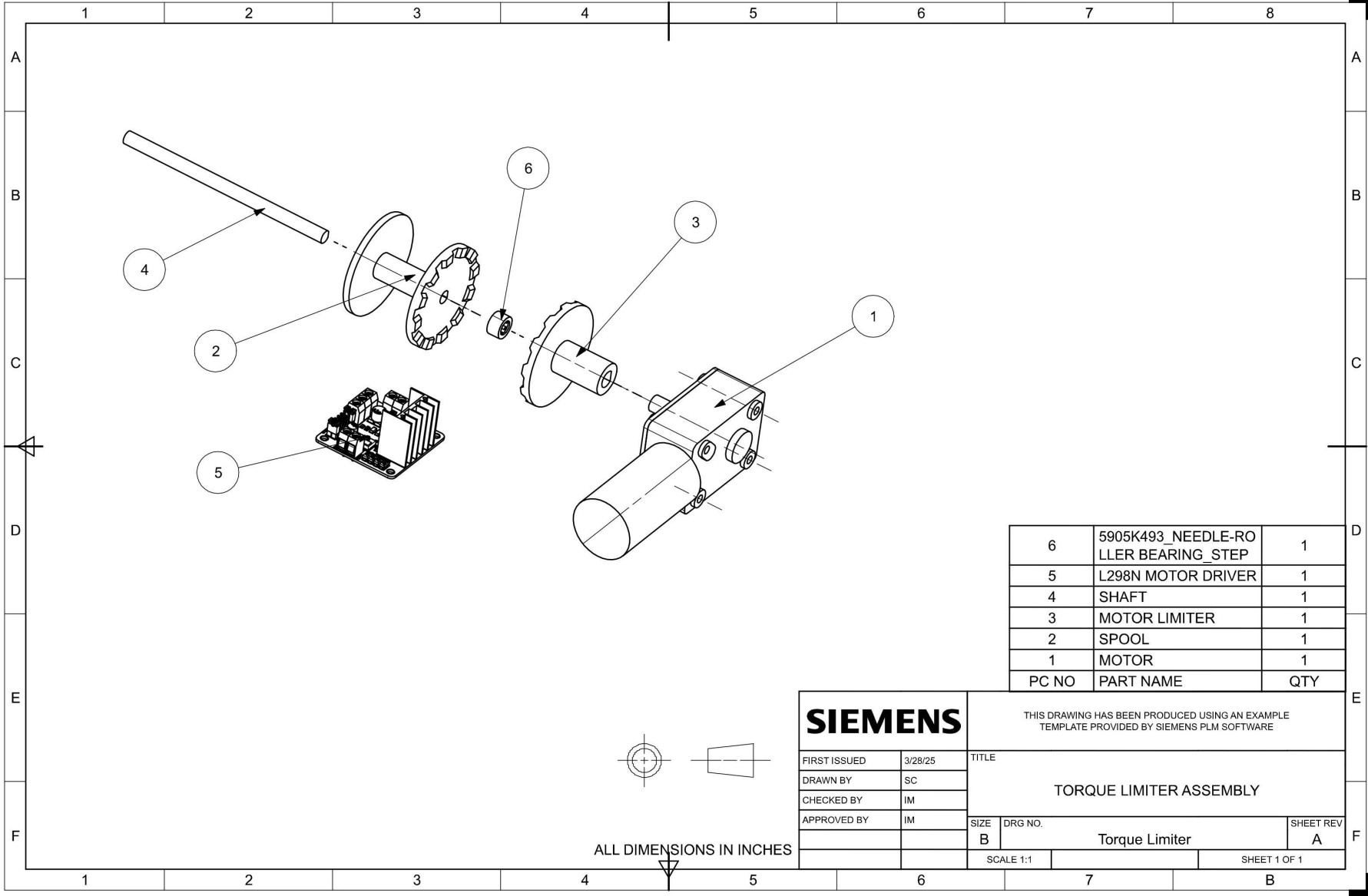
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 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

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CHECKED BY	
APPROVED BY	

TITLE		
SHAFT		
SIZE	DRG NO.	SHEET REV
A	Shaft	A
SCALE 1:1		SHEET 1 OF 1

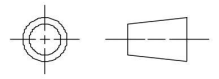
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

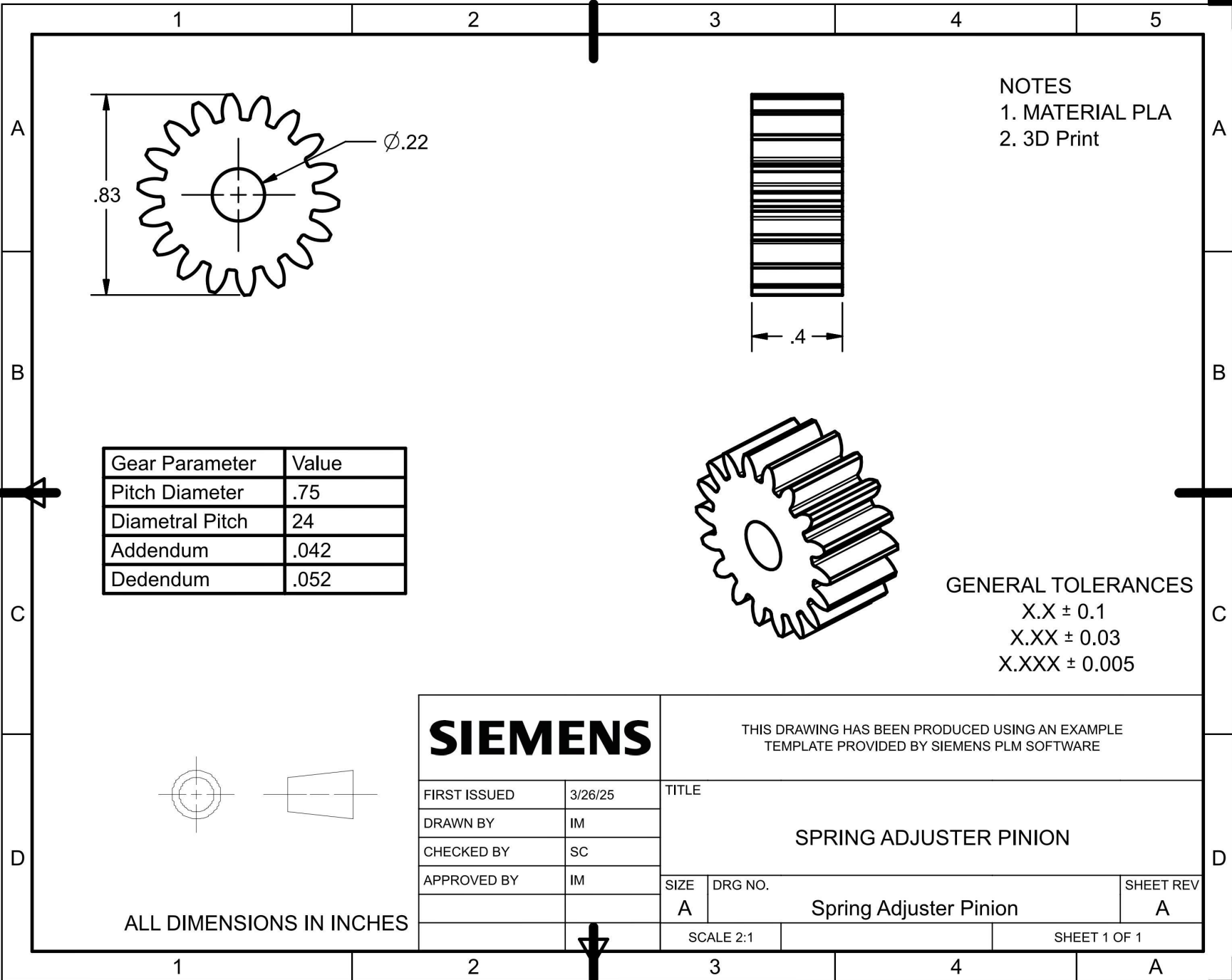




6	5905K493_NEEDLE-ROLLER BEARING_STEP	1
5	L298N MOTOR DRIVER	1
4	SHAFT	1
3	MOTOR LIMITER	1
2	SPOOL	1
1	MOTOR	1
PC NO	PART NAME	QTY

<b>SIEMENS</b>		THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRODUCED USING AN EXAMPLE TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE	
		TITLE <b>TORQUE LIMITER ASSEMBLY</b>	
FIRST ISSUED 3/28/25	DRAWN BY SC	SIZE B	
CHECKED BY IM	APPROVED BY IM	DRG NO. Torque Limiter	SHEET REV A
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES		SCALE 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 1





Gear Parameter	Value
Pitch Diameter	.75
Diametral Pitch	24
Addendum	.042
Dedendum	.052

NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D Print

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

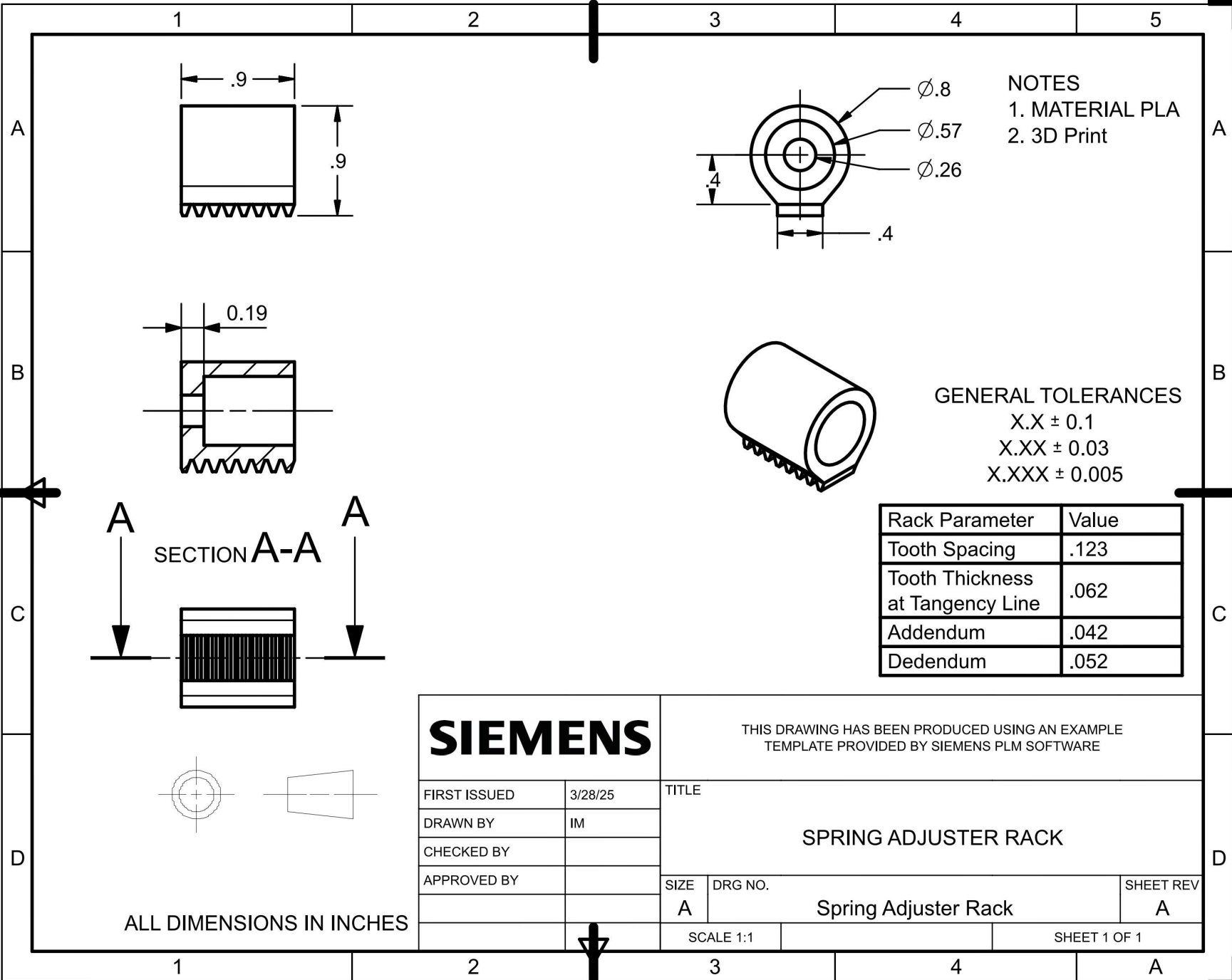
**SIEMENS**

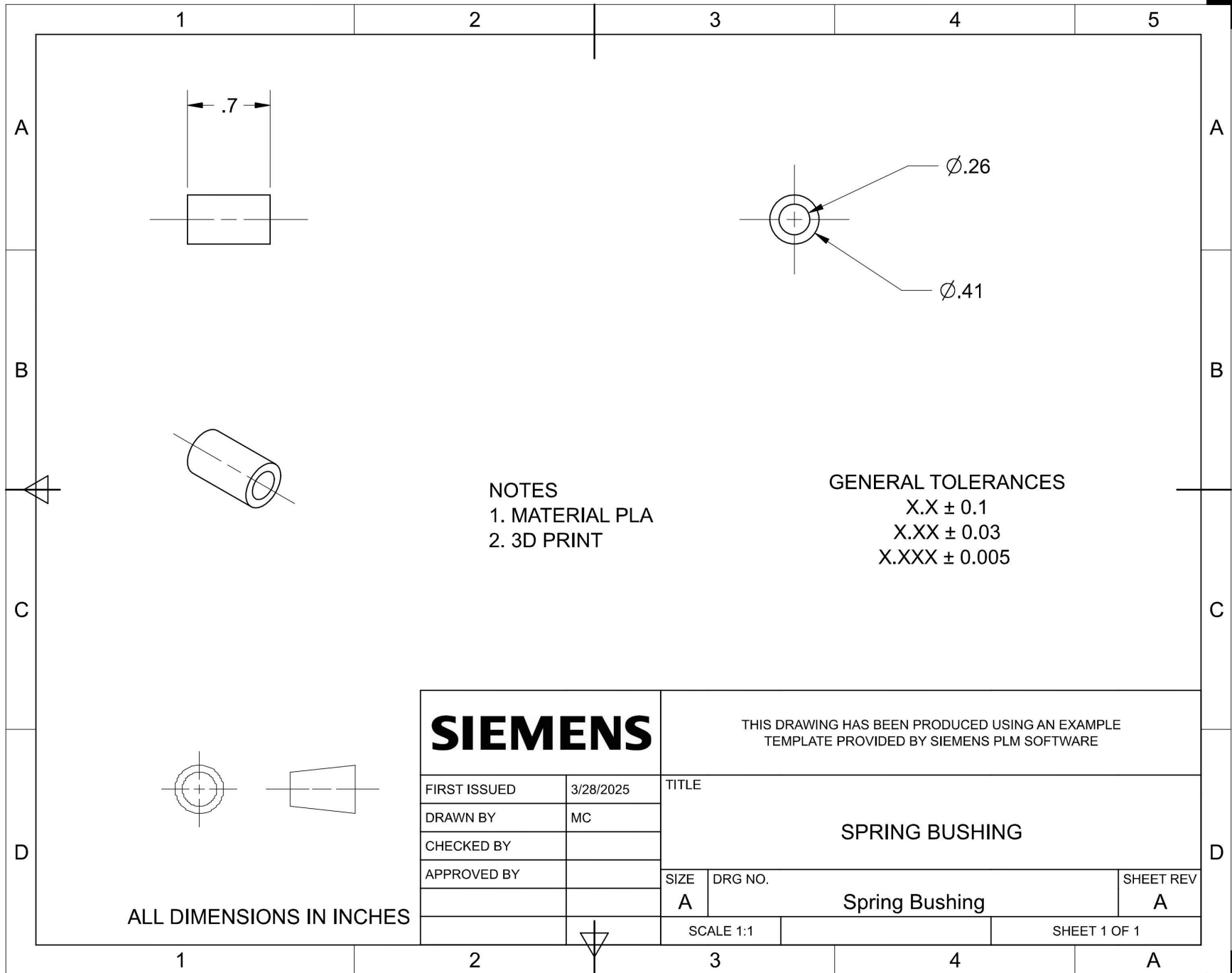
THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRODUCED USING AN EXAMPLE  
 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

FIRST ISSUED	3/26/25
DRAWN BY	IM
CHECKED BY	SC
APPROVED BY	IM

TITLE	
SPRING ADJUSTER PINION	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Spring Adjuster Pinion
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 2:1	SHEET 1 OF 1

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES





NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D PRINT

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

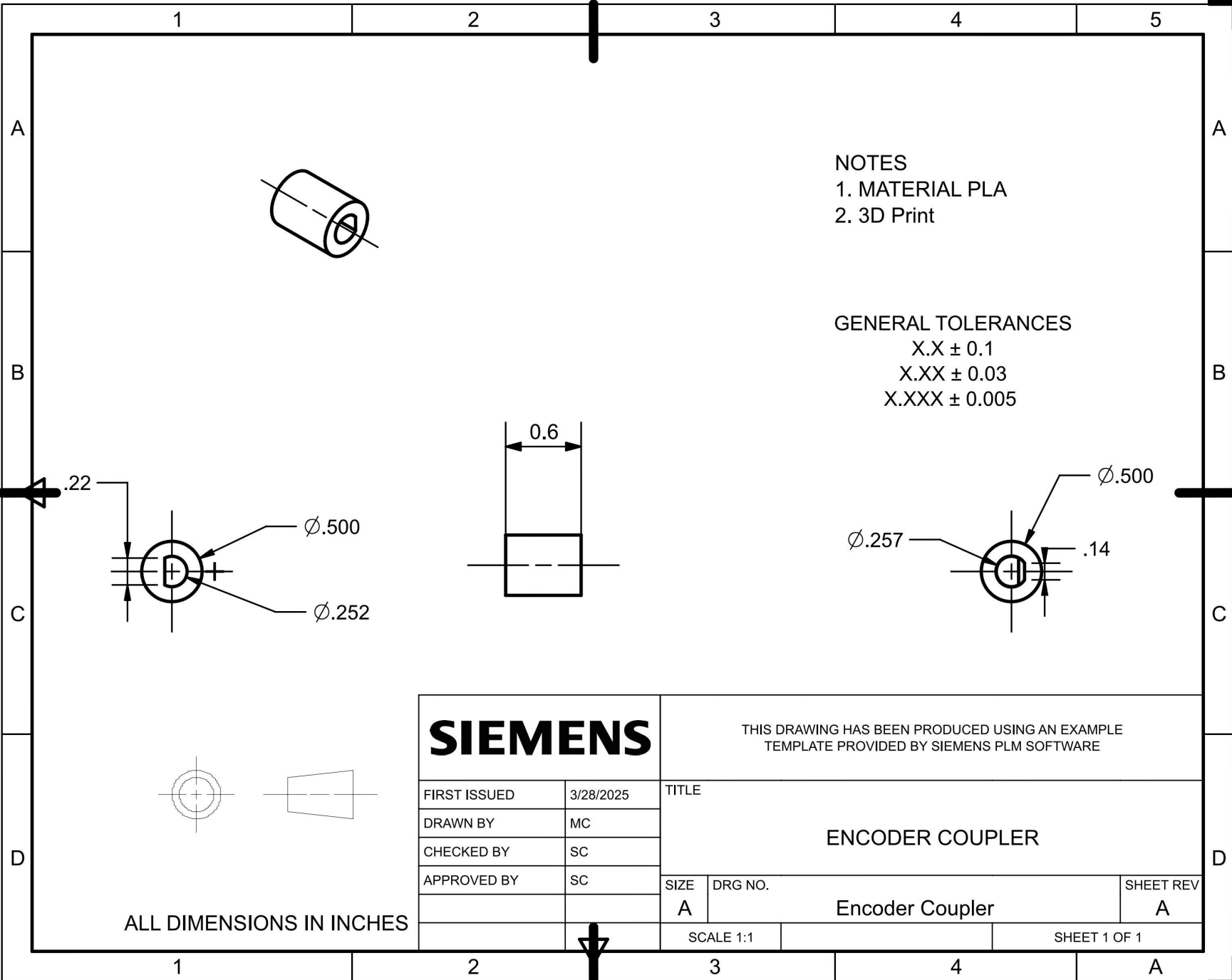
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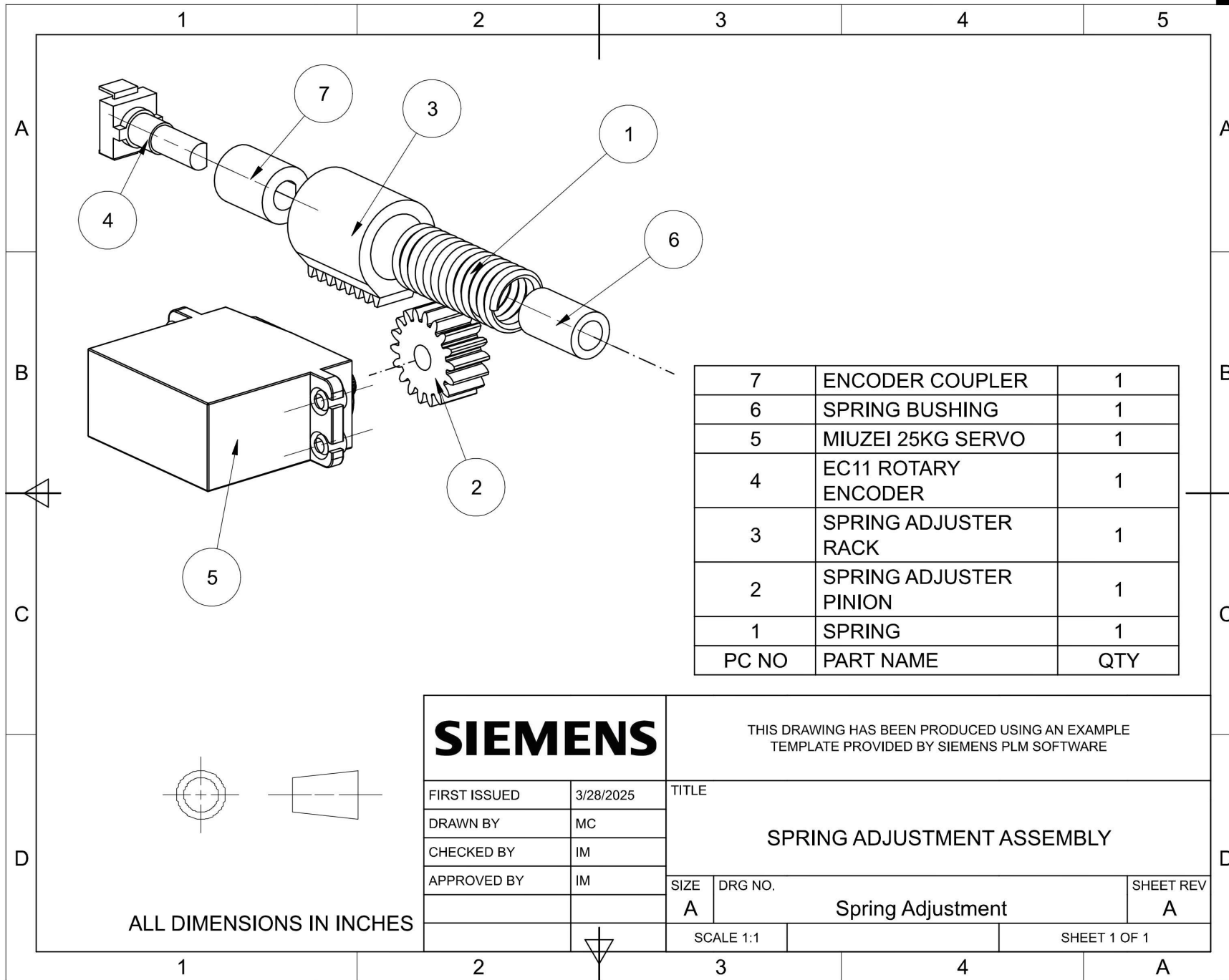
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 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

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DRAWN BY	MC
CHECKED BY	
APPROVED BY	

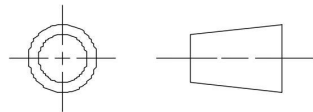
TITLE	
SPRING BUSHING	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Spring Bushing
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 1

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES





7	ENCODER COUPLER	1
6	SPRING BUSHING	1
5	MIUZEI 25KG SERVO	1
4	EC11 ROTARY ENCODER	1
3	SPRING ADJUSTER RACK	1
2	SPRING ADJUSTER PINION	1
1	SPRING	1
PC NO	PART NAME	QTY



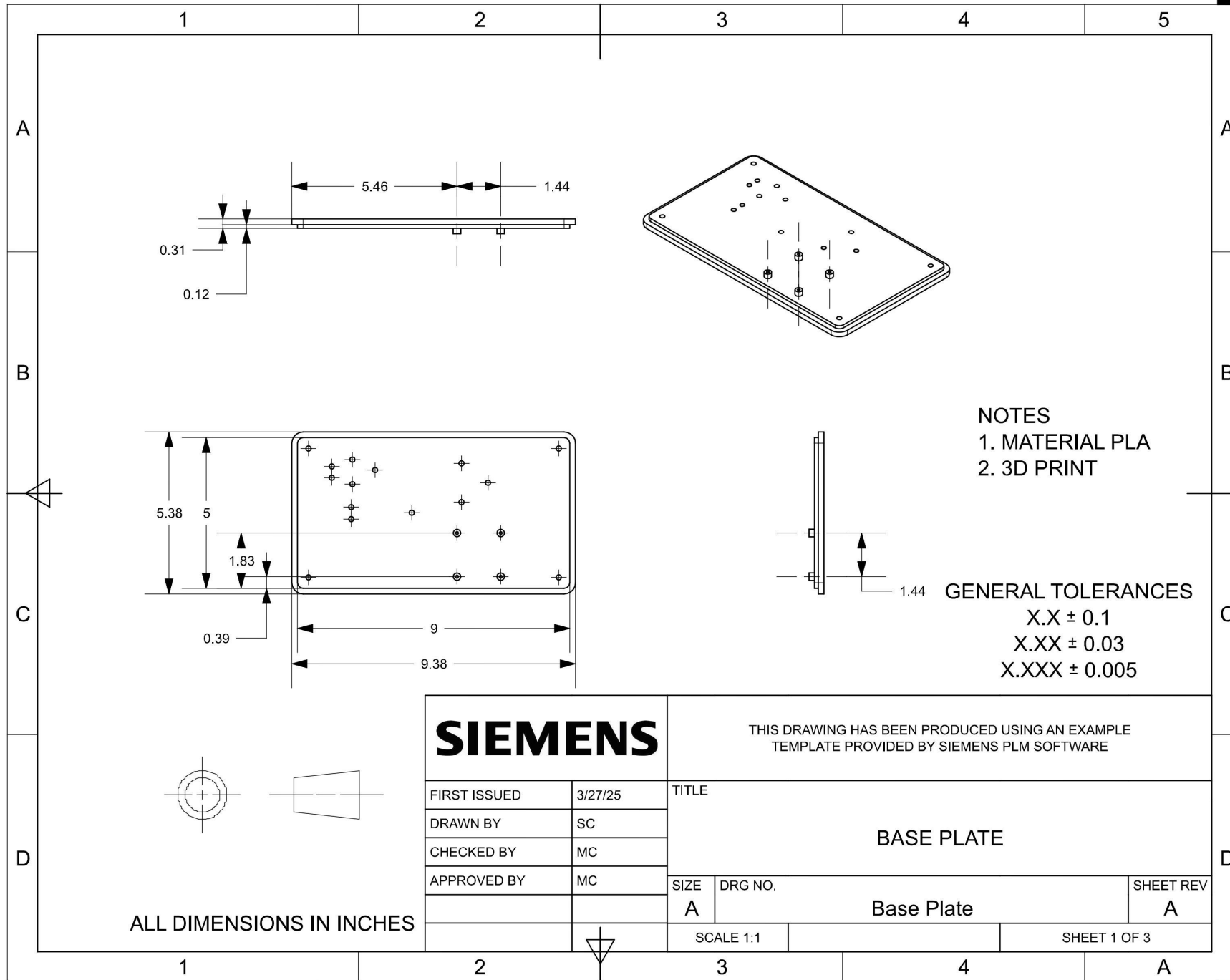
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

**SIEMENS**

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FIRST ISSUED	3/28/2025
DRAWN BY	MC
CHECKED BY	IM
APPROVED BY	IM

TITLE		
<b>SPRING ADJUSTMENT ASSEMBLY</b>		
SIZE	DRG NO.	SHEET REV
A	Spring Adjustment	A
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 1	



NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D PRINT

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

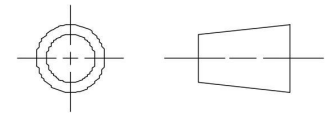
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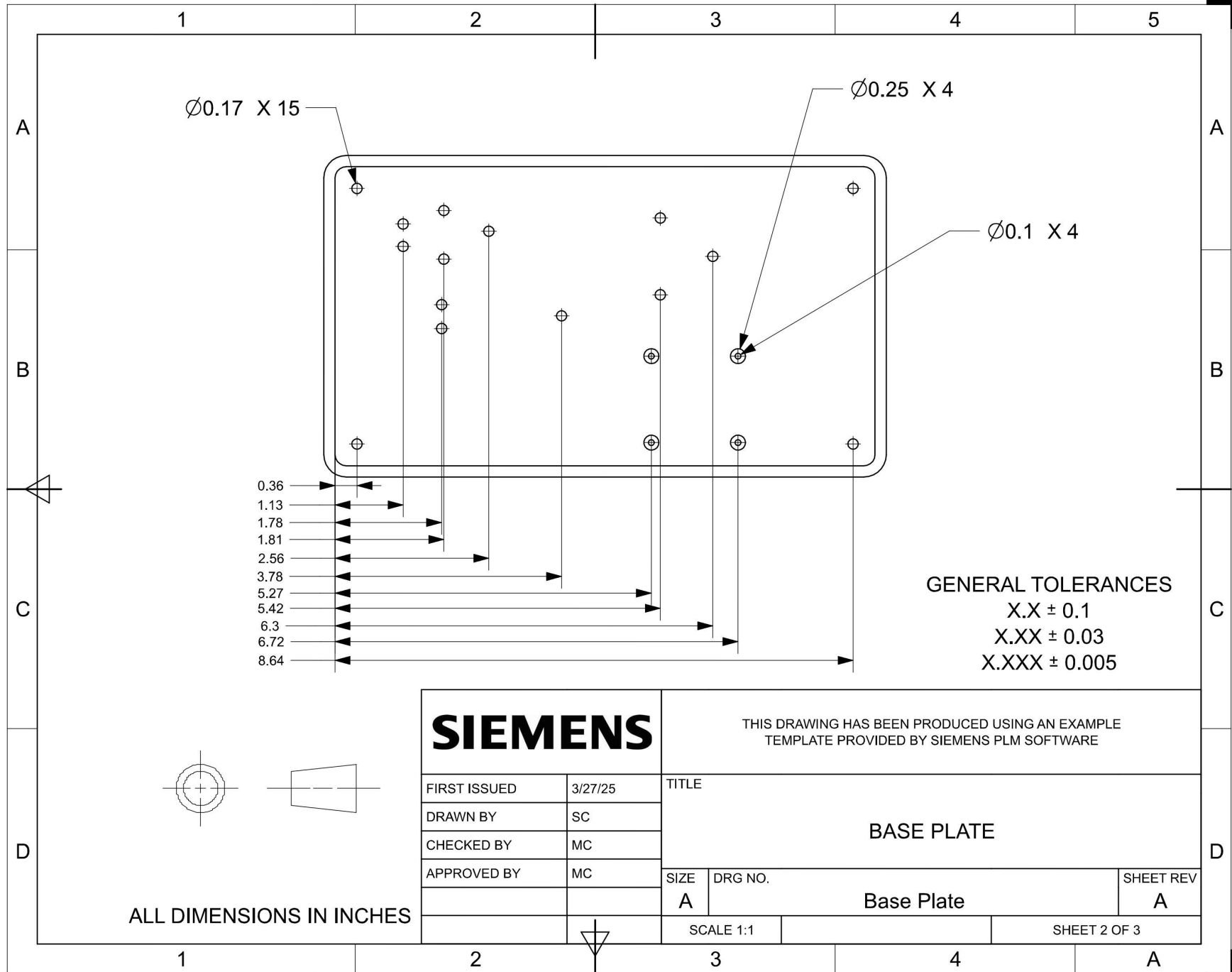
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 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

FIRST ISSUED	3/27/25
DRAWN BY	SC
CHECKED BY	MC
APPROVED BY	MC

TITLE	
<b>BASE PLATE</b>	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Base Plate
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	
SHEET 1 OF 3	

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES





GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X  $\pm$  0.1  
 X.XX  $\pm$  0.03  
 X.XXX  $\pm$  0.005

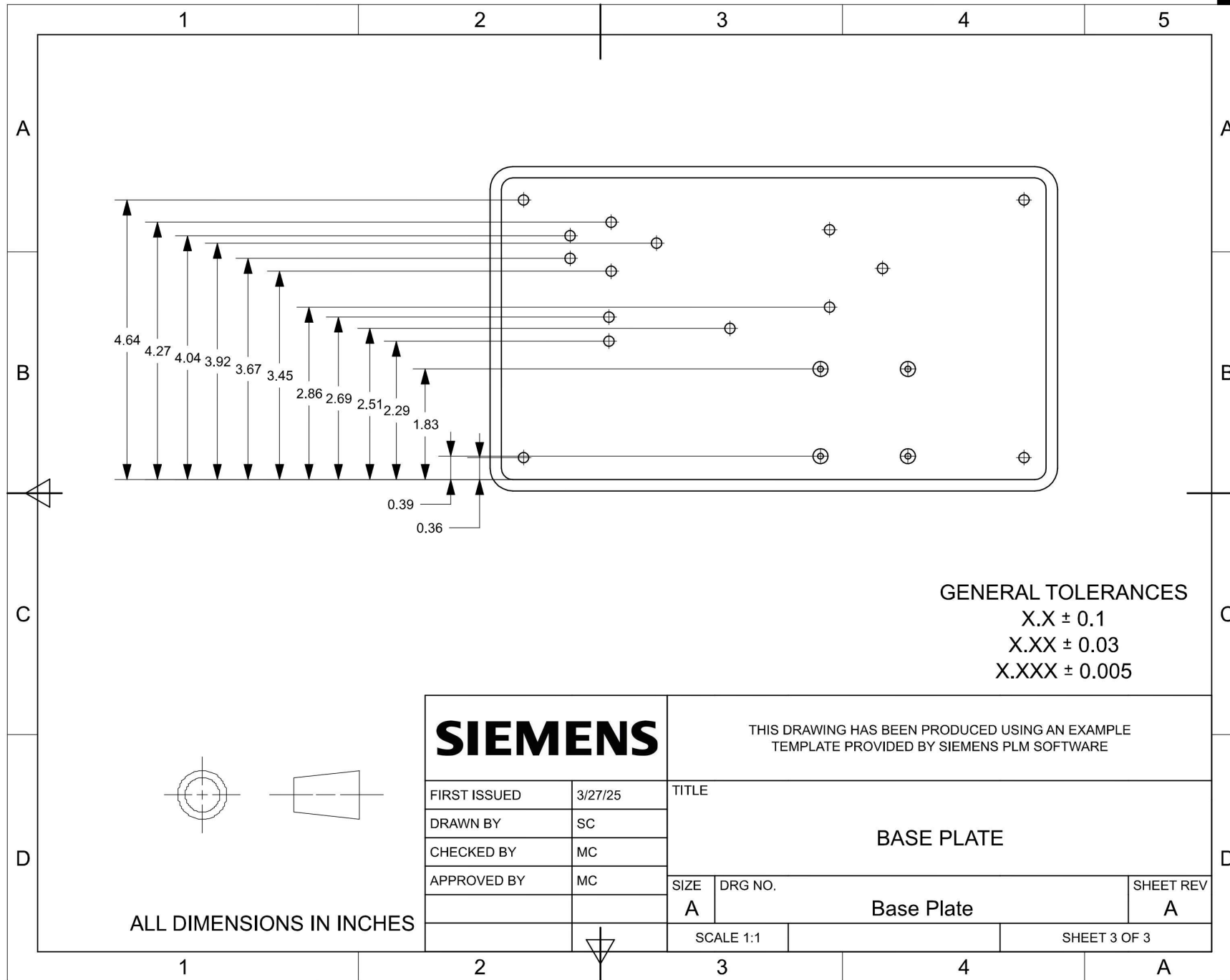
**SIEMENS**

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DRAWN BY	SC
CHECKED BY	MC
APPROVED BY	MC

TITLE	
BASE PLATE	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Base Plate
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 2 OF 3

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

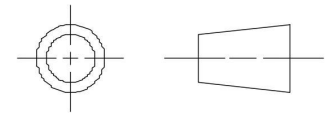
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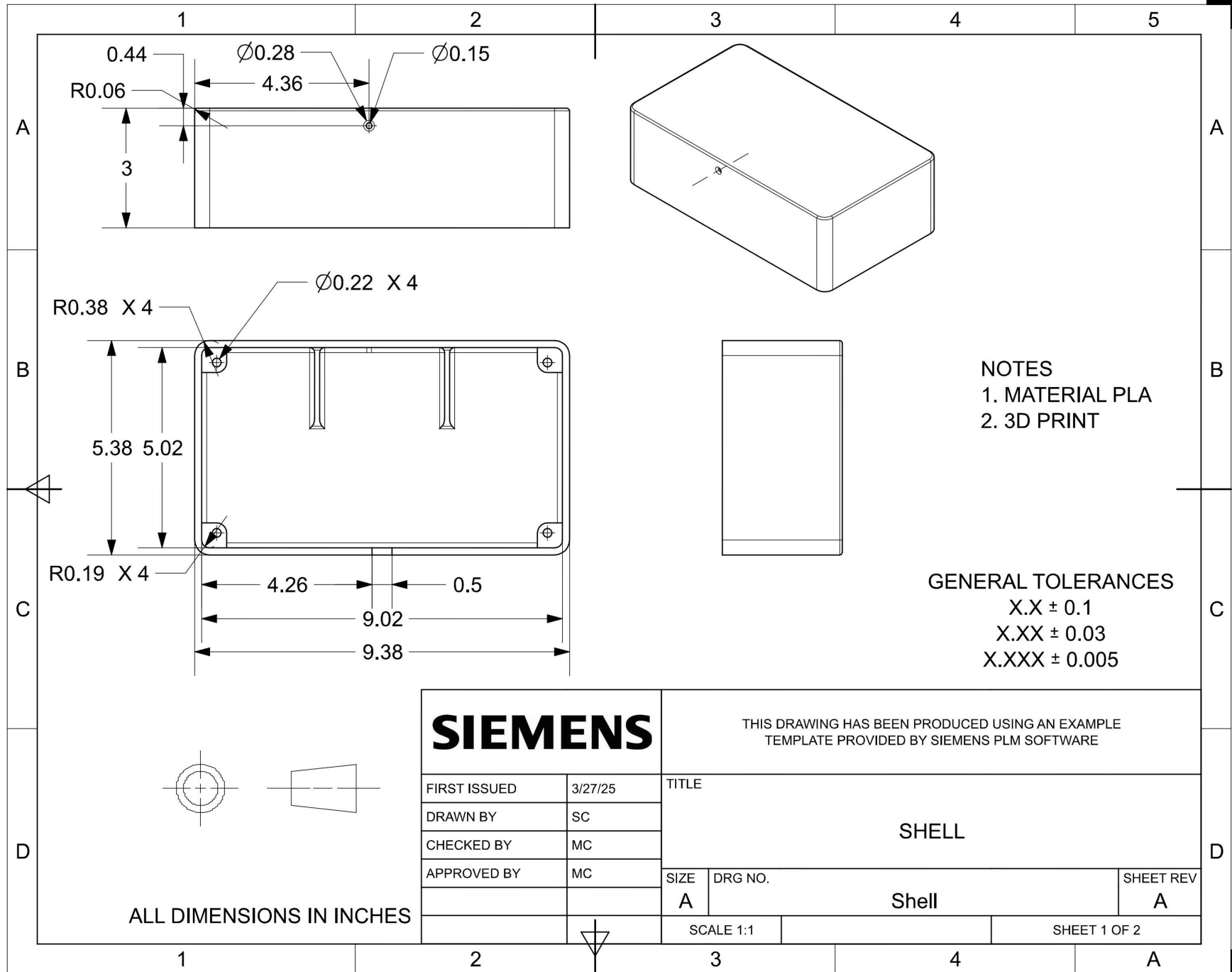
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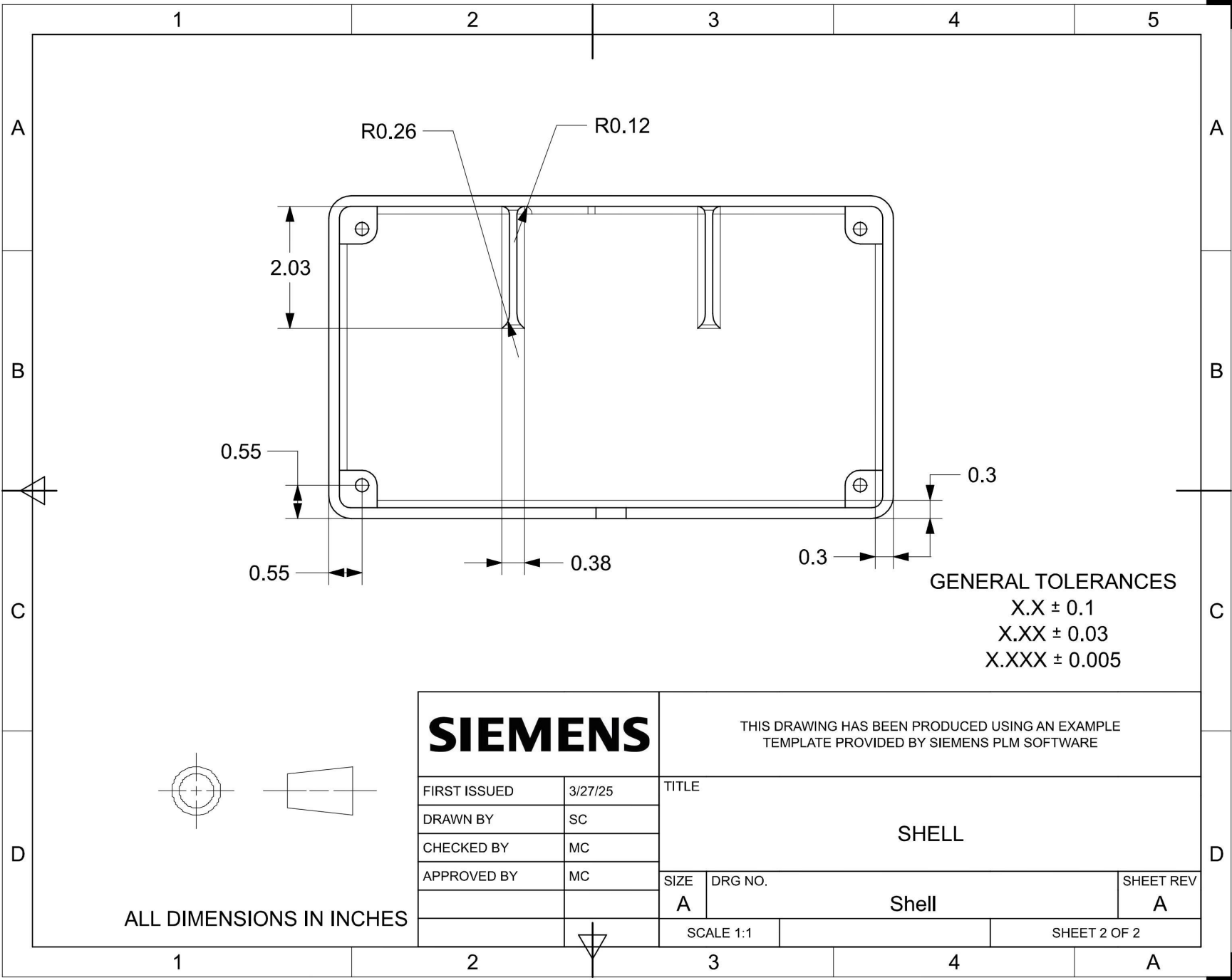
FIRST ISSUED	3/27/25
DRAWN BY	SC
CHECKED BY	MC
APPROVED BY	MC

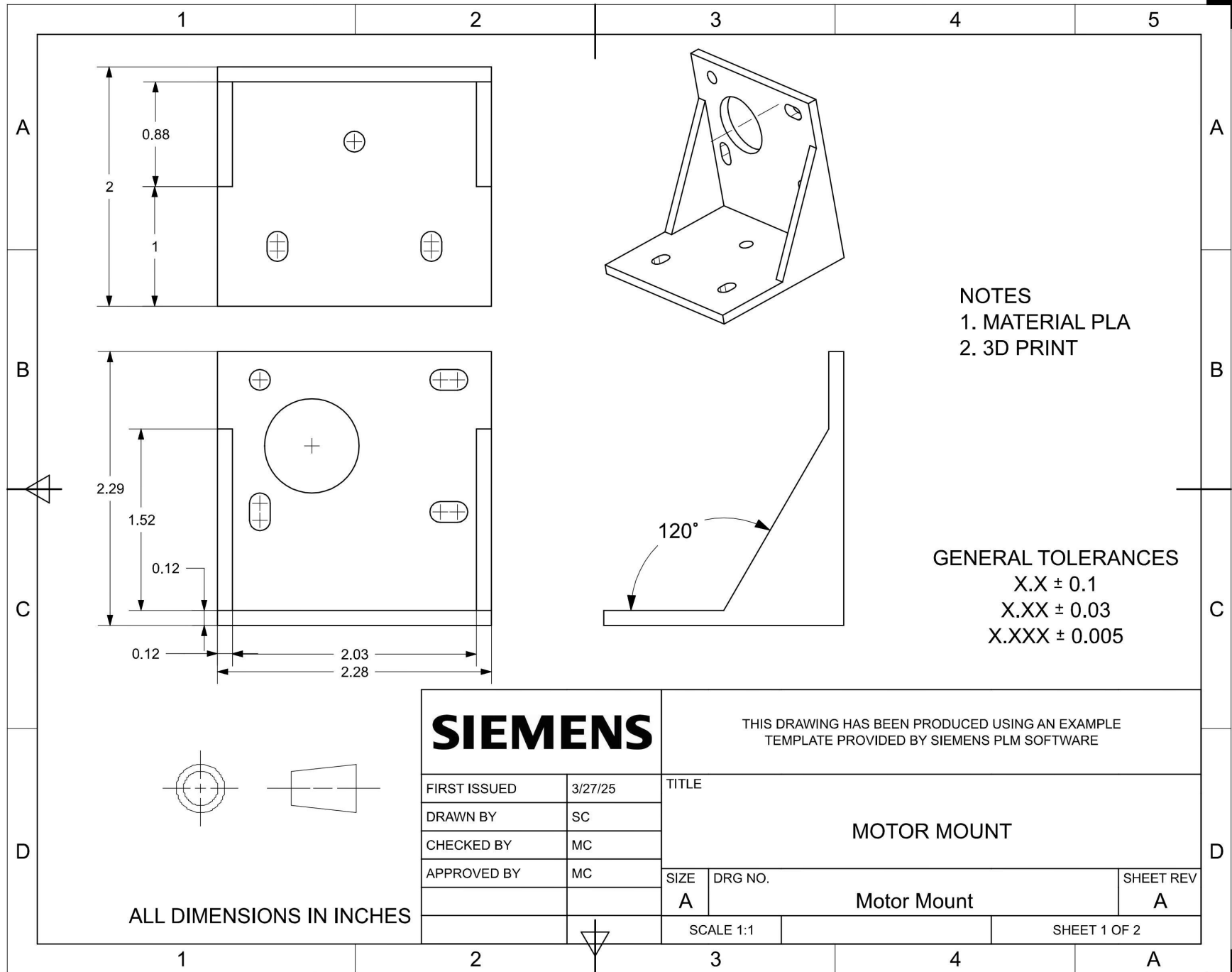
TITLE	
BASE PLATE	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Base Plate
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 3 OF 3

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES









**NOTES**

- 1. MATERIAL PLA
- 2. 3D PRINT

**GENERAL TOLERANCES**

- X.X ± 0.1
- X.XX ± 0.03
- X.XXX ± 0.005

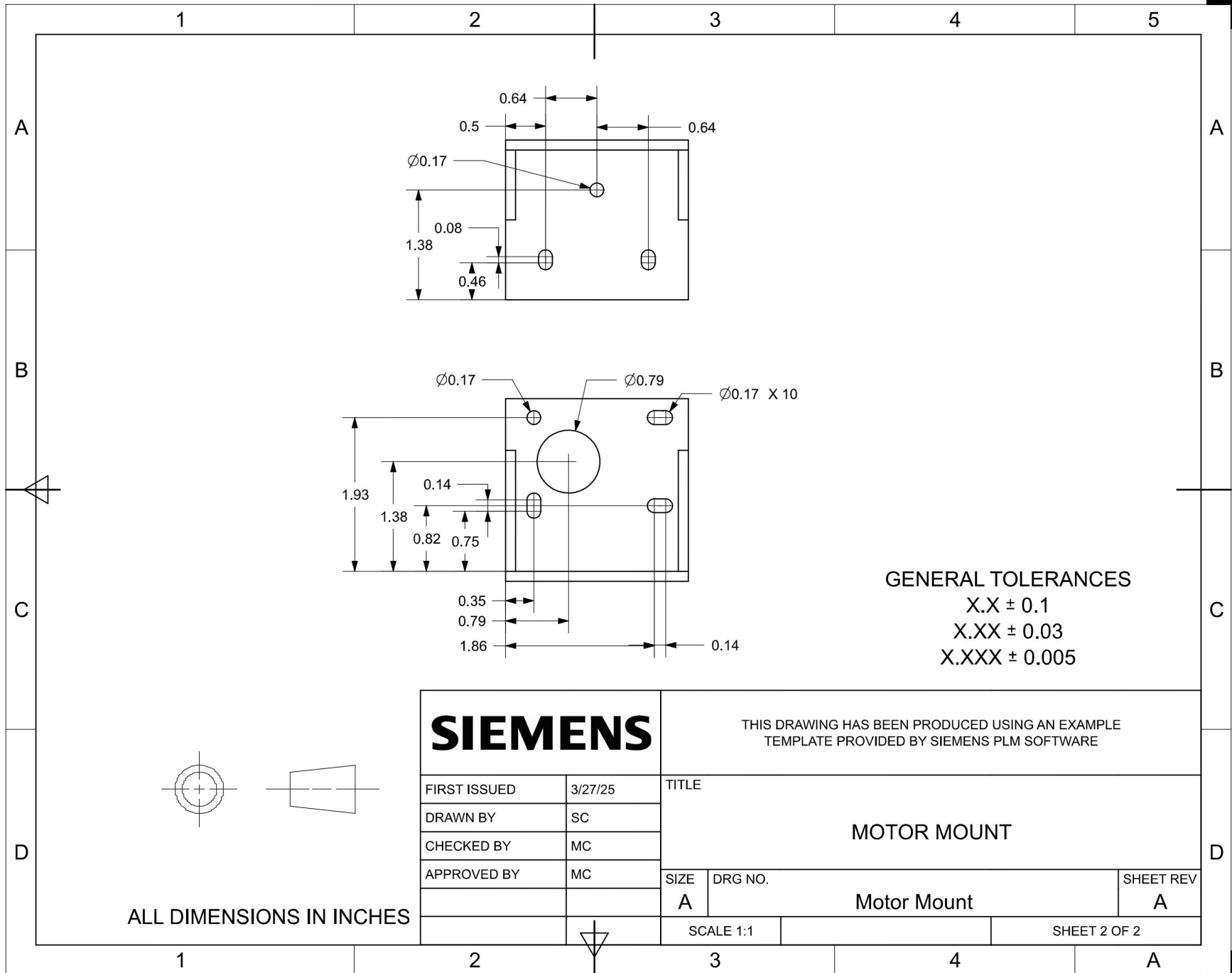
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

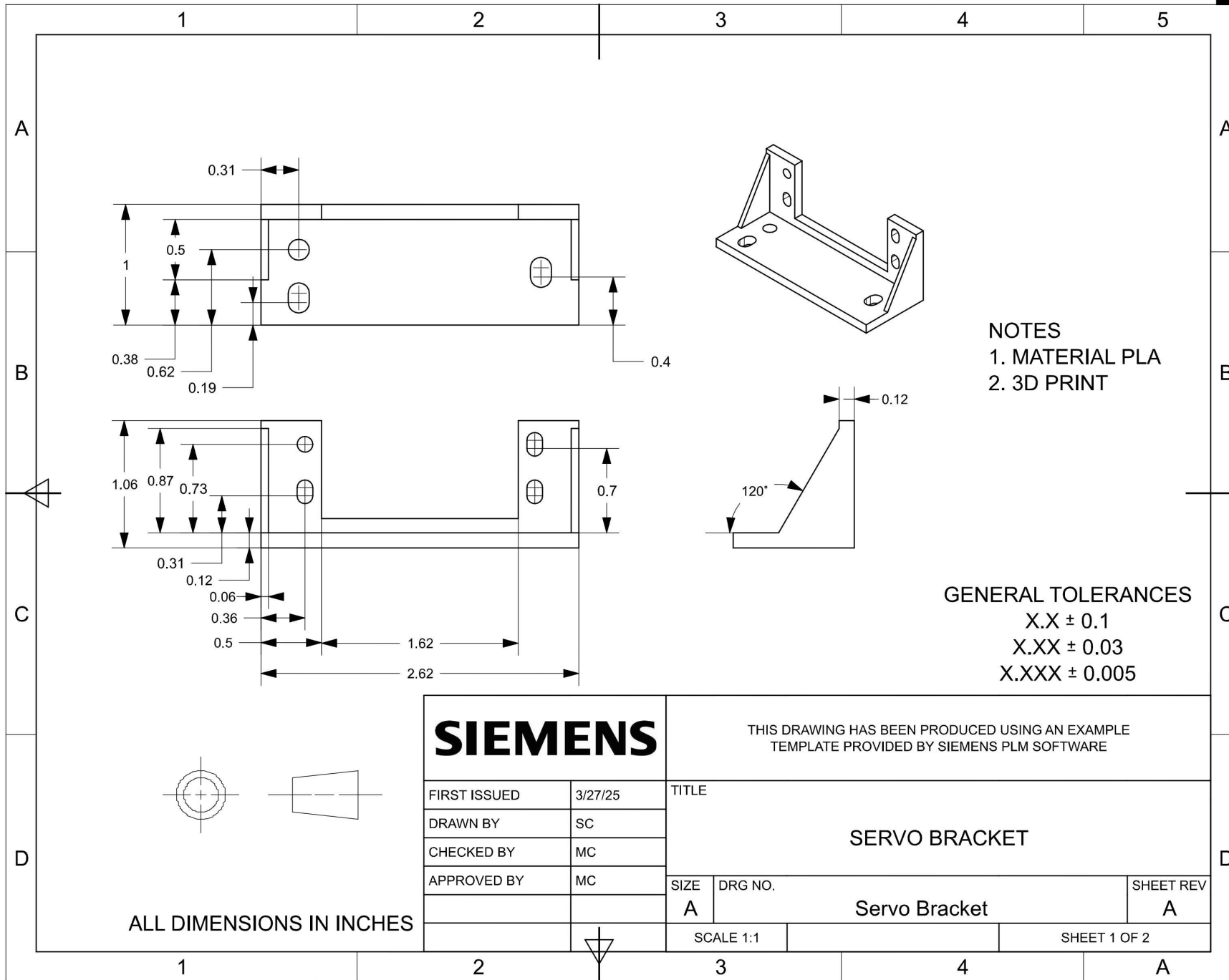
**SIEMENS**

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FIRST ISSUED	3/27/25
DRAWN BY	SC
CHECKED BY	MC
APPROVED BY	MC

TITLE	
<b>MOTOR MOUNT</b>	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Motor Mount
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 2





NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D PRINT

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

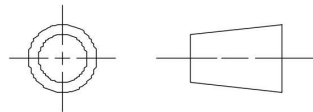
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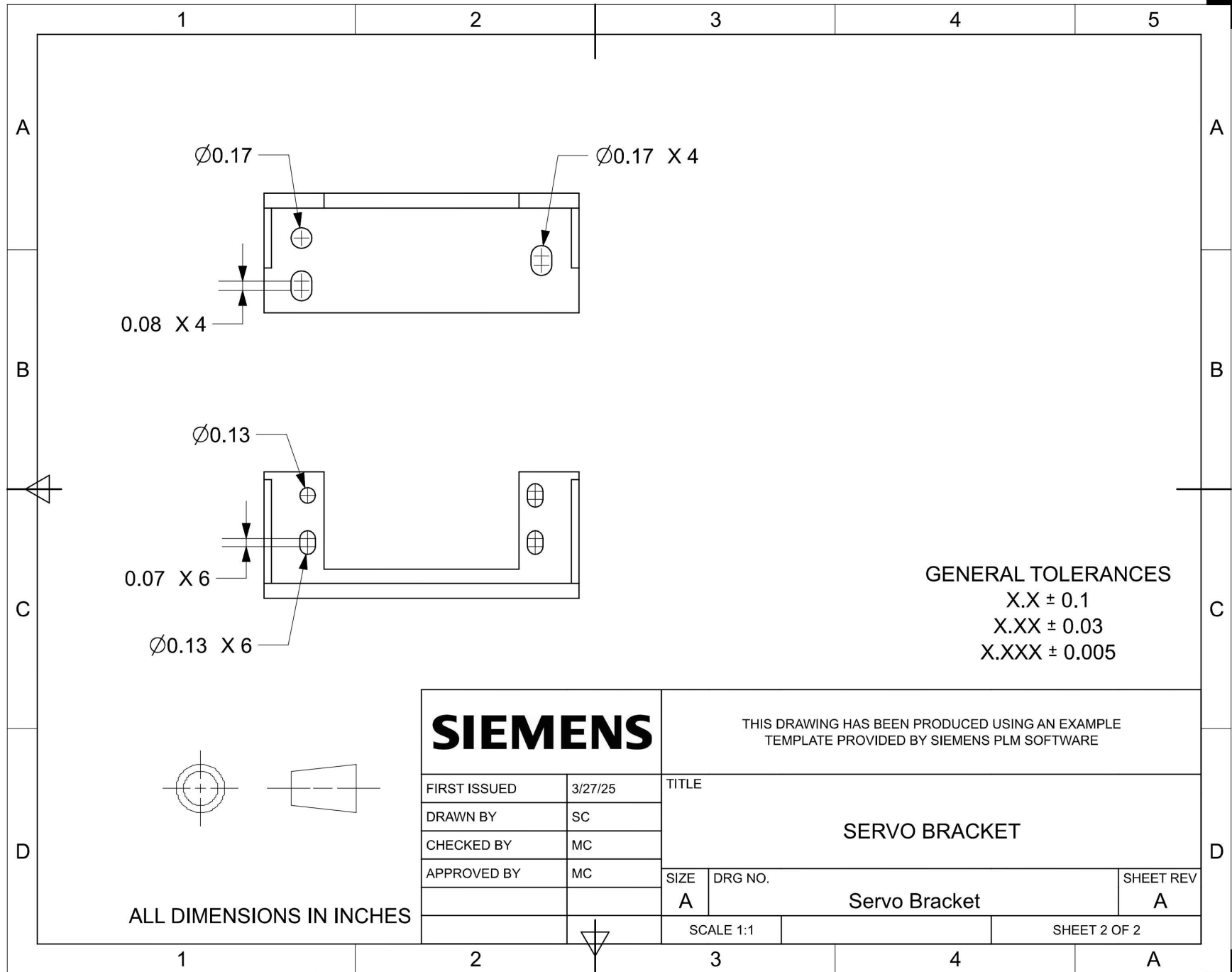
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FIRST ISSUED	3/27/25
DRAWN BY	SC
CHECKED BY	MC
APPROVED BY	MC

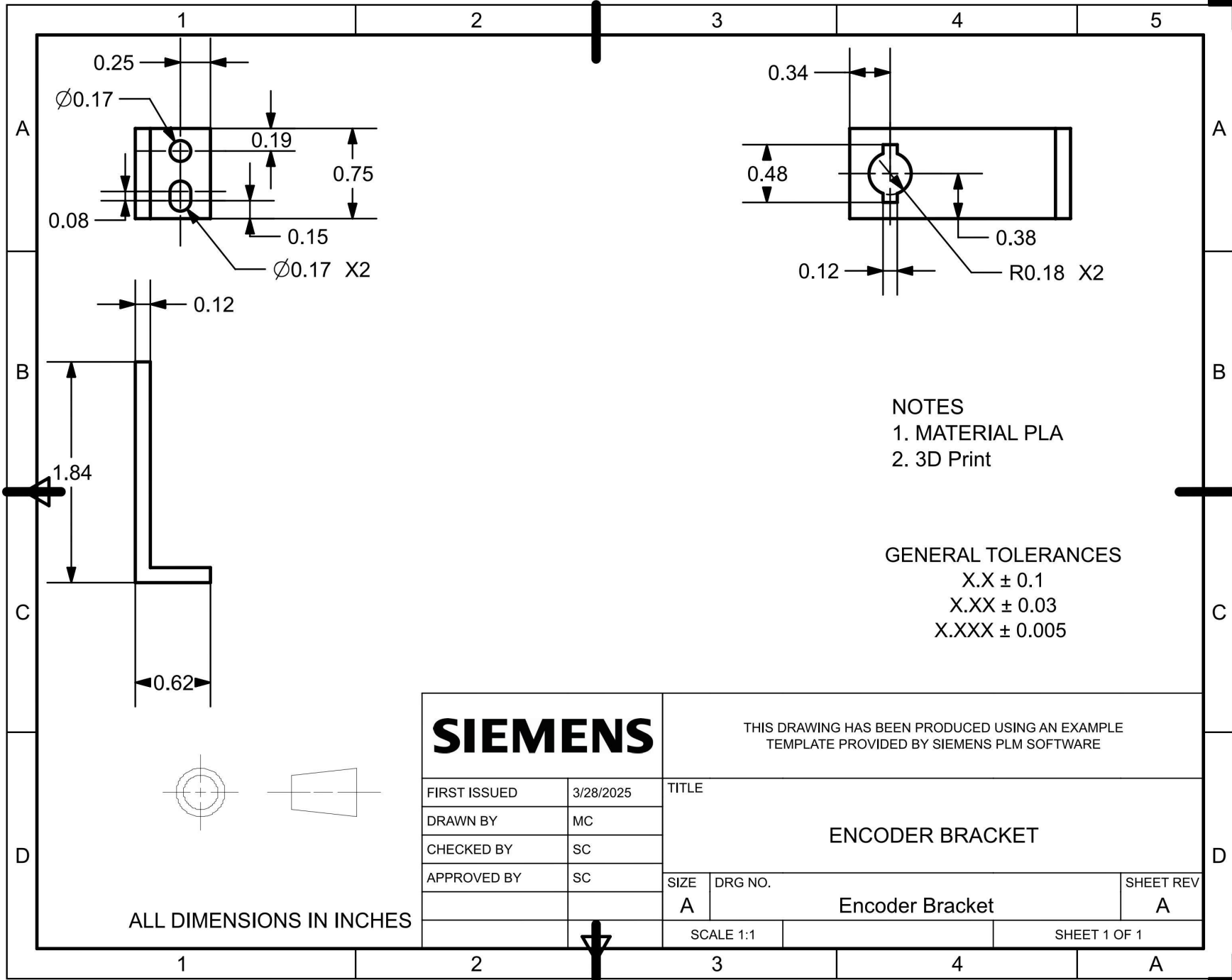
TITLE		
SERVO BRACKET		
SIZE	DRG NO.	SHEET REV
A	Servo Bracket	A
SCALE 1:1		SHEET 1 OF 2

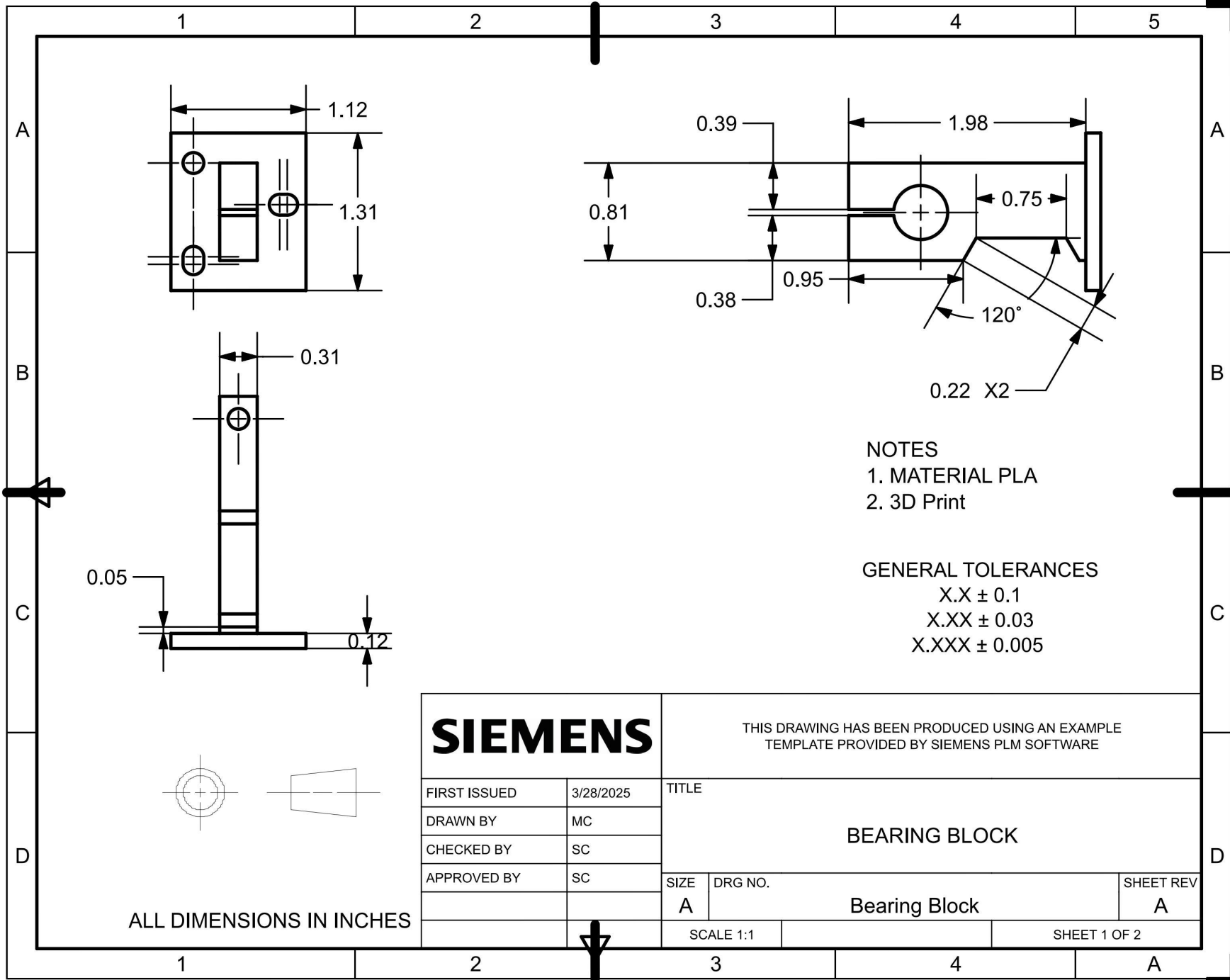
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES





FIRST ISSUED		3/27/25		TITLE	
DRAWN BY		SC		SERVO BRACKET	
CHECKED BY		MC			
APPROVED BY		MC		SIZE	DRG NO.
				A	Servo Bracket
					SHEET REV
					A
				SCALE 1:1	SHEET 2 OF 2





NOTES

- 1. MATERIAL PLA
- 2. 3D Print

GENERAL TOLERANCES

- X.X ± 0.1
- X.XX ± 0.03
- X.XXX ± 0.005

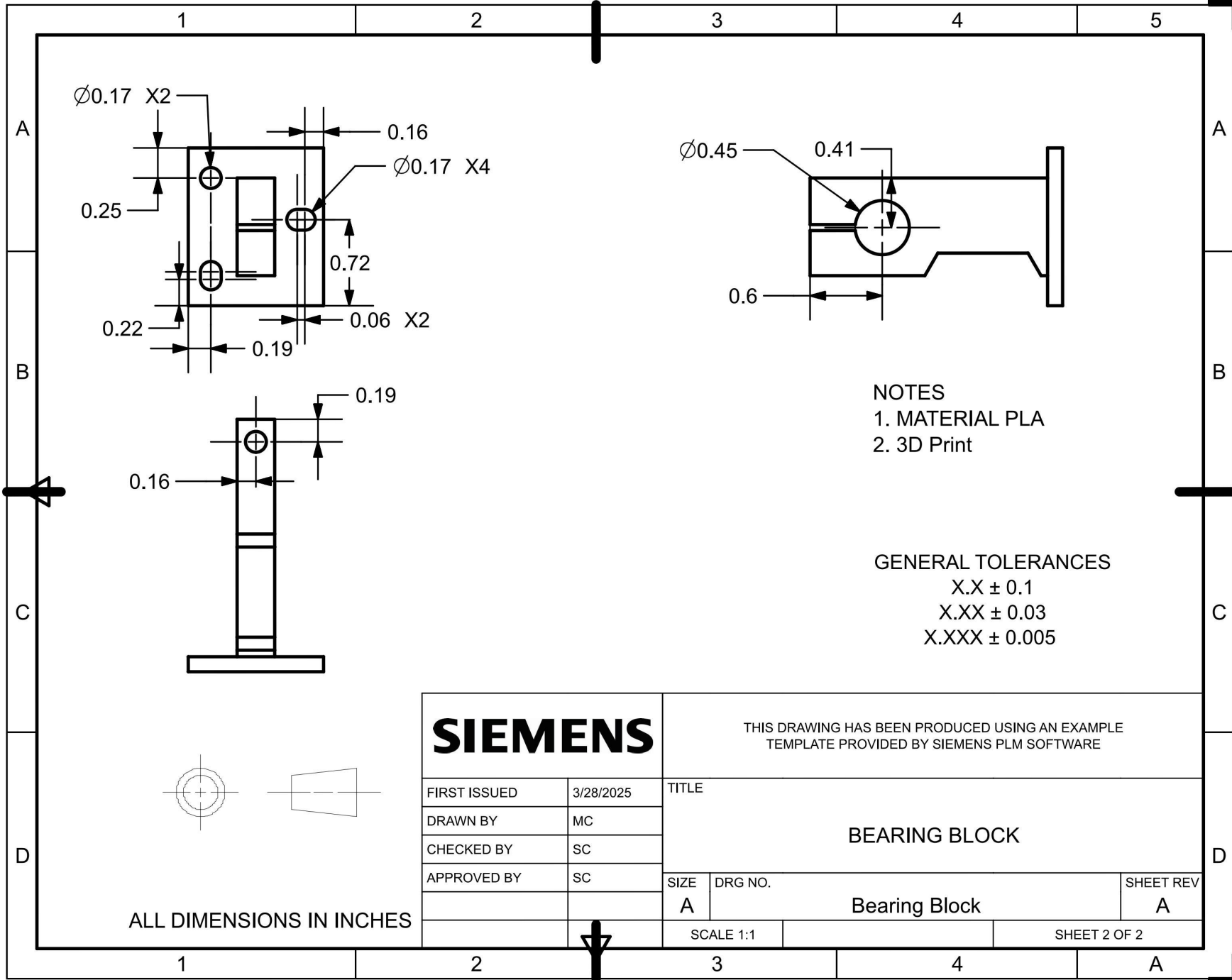
**SIEMENS**

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TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

FIRST ISSUED	3/28/2025
DRAWN BY	MC
CHECKED BY	SC
APPROVED BY	SC

TITLE	
<b>BEARING BLOCK</b>	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Bearing Block
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	
SHEET 1 OF 2	

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D Print

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

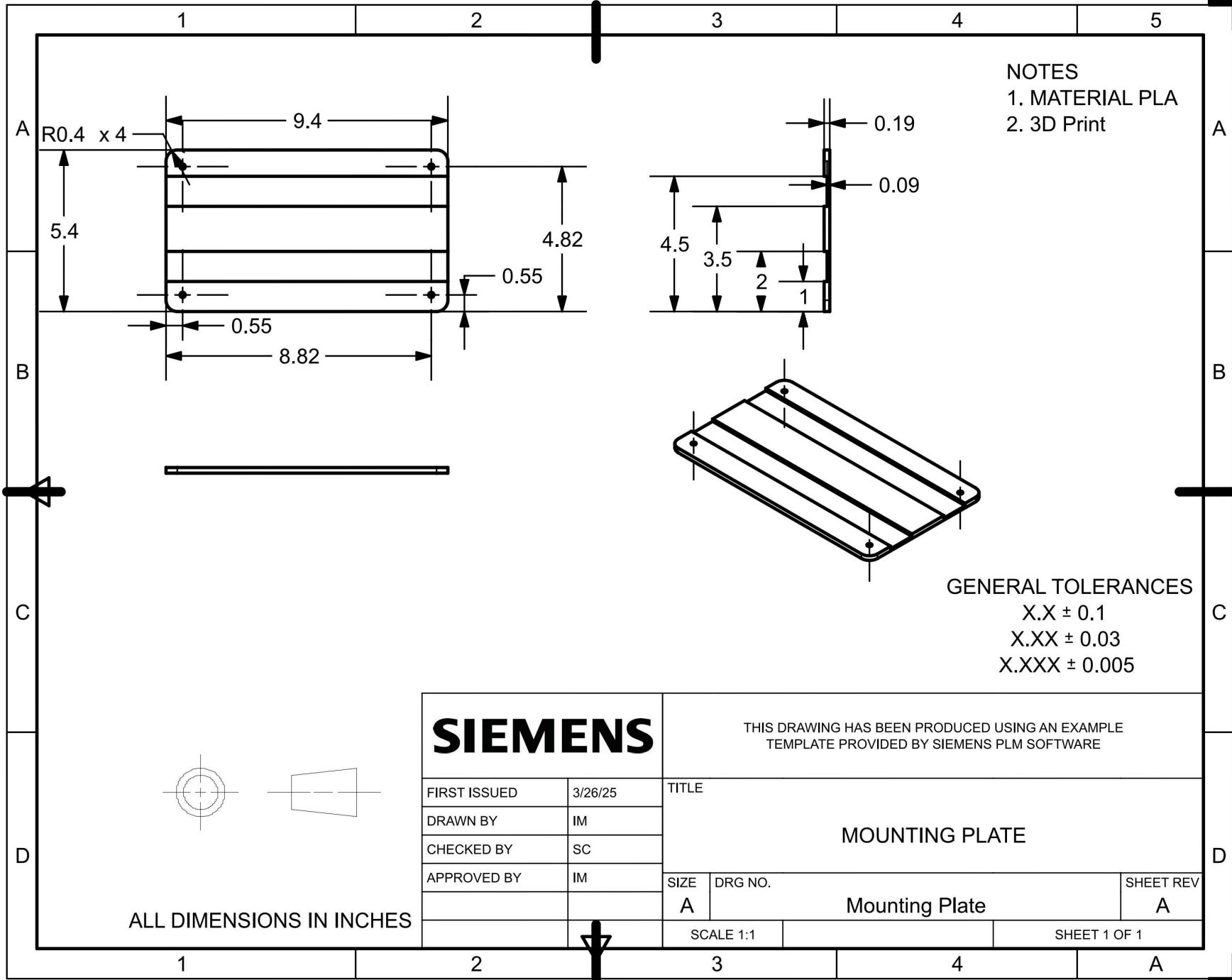
**SIEMENS**

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 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

FIRST ISSUED	3/28/2025
DRAWN BY	MC
CHECKED BY	SC
APPROVED BY	SC

TITLE	
BEARING BLOCK	
SIZE	DRG NO.
A	Bearing Block
SHEET REV	
A	
SCALE 1:1	SHEET 2 OF 2

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



NOTES  
 1. MATERIAL PLA  
 2. 3D Print

GENERAL TOLERANCES  
 X.X ± 0.1  
 X.XX ± 0.03  
 X.XXX ± 0.005

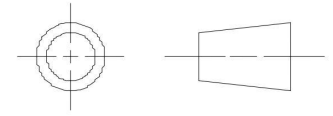
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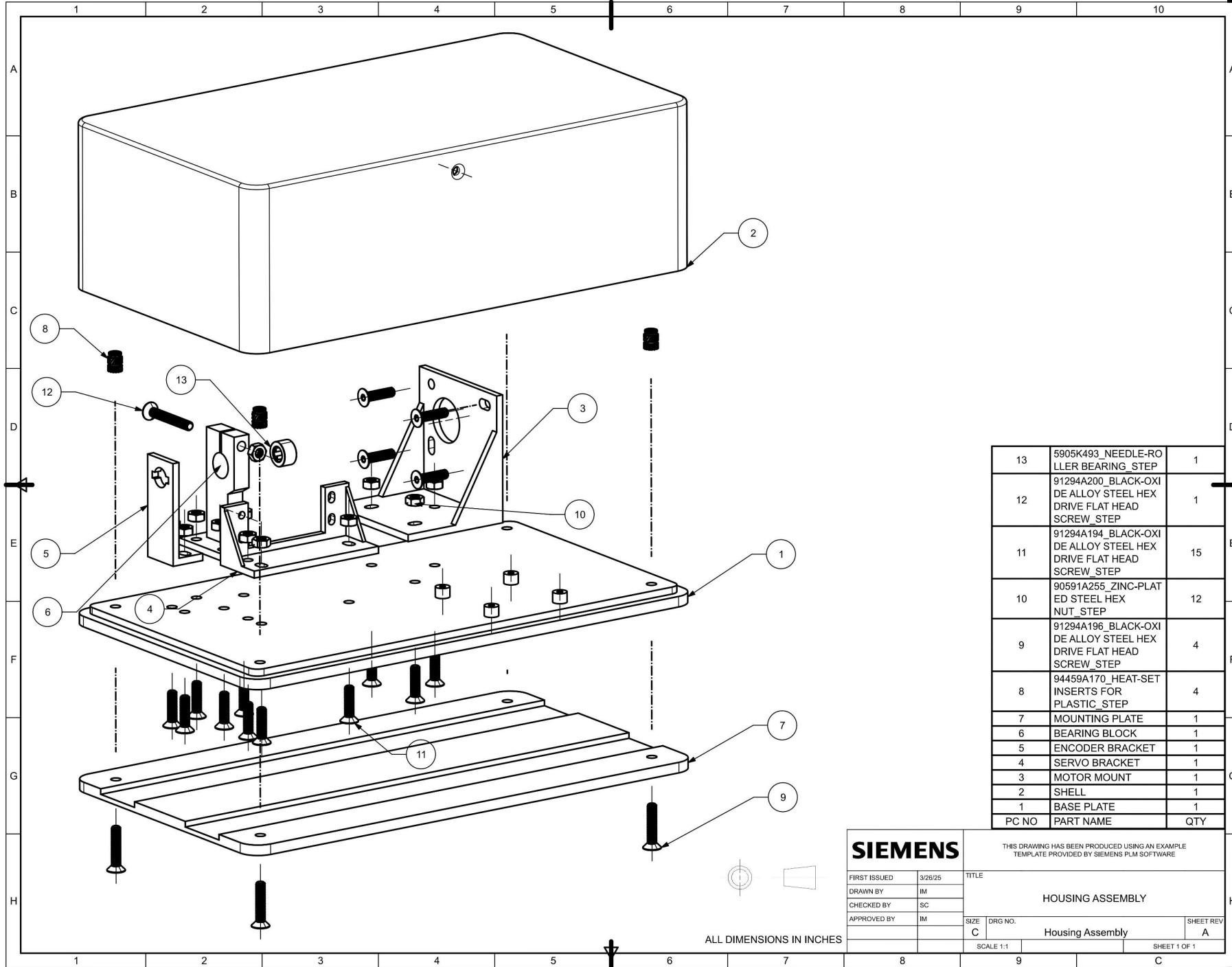
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 TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE

FIRST ISSUED	3/26/25
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CHECKED BY	SC
APPROVED BY	IM

TITLE		
MOUNTING PLATE		
SIZE	DRG NO.	SHEET REV
A	Mounting Plate	A
SCALE 1:1		SHEET 1 OF 1

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES





13	5905K493_NEEDLE-ROLLER BEARING_STEP	1
12	91294A200_BLACK-OXIDE ALLOY STEEL HEX DRIVE FLAT HEAD SCREW_STEP	1
11	91294A194_BLACK-OXIDE ALLOY STEEL HEX DRIVE FLAT HEAD SCREW_STEP	15
10	90591A255_ZINC-PLATED STEEL HEX NUT_STEP	12
9	91294A196_BLACK-OXIDE ALLOY STEEL HEX DRIVE FLAT HEAD SCREW_STEP	4
8	94459A170_HEAT-SET INSERTS FOR PLASTIC_STEP	4
7	MOUNTING PLATE	1
6	BEARING BLOCK	1
5	ENCODER BRACKET	1
4	SERVO BRACKET	1
3	MOTOR MOUNT	1
2	SHELL	1
1	BASE PLATE	1
PC NO	PART NAME	QTY

<b>SIEMENS</b>		THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRODUCED USING AN EXAMPLE TEMPLATE PROVIDED BY SIEMENS PLM SOFTWARE	
FIRST ISSUED	3/26/25	TITLE	
DRAWN BY	IM	HOUSING ASSEMBLY	
CHECKED BY	SC	Housing Assembly	
APPROVED BY	IM	SIZE	DRG NO.
		C	A
		SCALE 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 1

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES